USER GUIDE



COMe-bDV7

Doc. User Guide, Rev 2.1



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► COME-BDV7 - USER GUIDE

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NOTICE

You find the most recent version of the "General Safety Instructions" online in the download area of this product.

NOTICE

This product is not suited for storage or operation in corrosive environments, in particular under exposure to sulfur and chlorine and their compounds. For information on how to harden electronics and mechanics against these stress conditions, contact Kontron Support.

Revision History

Revision	Brief Description of Changes	Date of Issue	Author/ Editor
1.0	Initial Version	2018-Oct-23	CW
1.1	Additions to Chapter 7, Standard and Certification and Chapter 11 connector pin assignment information.	2018-Nov-29	CW
1.2	Updated SLC information in Chapters 3.10 and 9.2	2019-Apr-01	CW
1.3	Added 32 GB memory, changed HSIO in processor tables, added QAT and VT as features.	2019-May-02	CW
1.4	Updated system memory information, added a heatspreader accessory and a QAT note.	2019-Aug-12	CW
1.5	Added 7-bit I2C bus address	2019-Sep-19	CW
1.6	Added the MTBF graphs	2020-Jan-09	CW
1.7	Updated SODIMM and eMMC information	2020-Mar-30	CW
1.8	ECC failure in Table 6	2021-Mar-29	hjs
1.9	New GPIO Chapter and Chapter numbering	2022-July-26	CW
2.0	Updated block diagram	2024-Nov-29	IH
2.1	Removed rapid shutdown feature	2025-Dec-10	IH

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Symbols

The following symbols may be used in this user guide

ADANGER

DANGER indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

AWARNING

WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

NOTICE

NOTICE indicates a property damage message.

ACAUTION

CAUTION indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.



Electric Shock!

This symbol and title warn of hazards due to electrical shocks (> 60 V) when touching products or parts of products. Failure to observe the precautions indicated and/or prescribed by the law may endanger your life/health and/or result in damage to your material.



ESD Sensitive Device!

This symbol and title inform that the electronic boards and their components are sensitive to static electricity. Care must therefore be taken during all handling operations and inspections of this product in order to ensure product integrity at all times.



HOT Surface!

Do NOT touch! Allow to cool before servicing.



Laserl

This symbol inform of the risk of exposure to laser beam and light emitting devices (LEDs) from an electrical device. Eye protection per manufacturer notice shall review before servicing.



This symbol indicates general information about the product and the user guide.

This symbol also indicates detail information about the specific product configuration.



This symbol precedes helpful hints and tips for daily use.

For Your Safety

Your new Kontron product was developed and tested carefully to provide all features necessary to ensure its compliance with electrical safety requirements. It was also designed for a long fault-free life. However, the life expectancy of your product can be drastically reduced by improper treatment during unpacking and installation. Therefore, in the interest of your own safety and of the correct operation of your new Kontron product, you are requested to conform with the following guidelines.

High Voltage Safety Instructions

As a precaution and in case of danger, the power connector must be easily accessible. The power connector is the product's main disconnect device.

ACAUTION

Warning

All operations on this product must be carried out by sufficiently skilled personnel only.

ACAUTION

Electric Shock!



Before installing a non hot-swappable Kontron product into a system always ensure that your mains power is switched off. This also applies to the installation of piggybacks. Serious electrical shock hazards can exist during all installation, repair, and maintenance operations on this product. Therefore, always unplug the power cable and any other cables which provide external voltages before performing any work on this product.

Earth ground connection to vehicle's chassis or a central grounding point shall remain connected. The earth ground cable shall be the last cable to be disconnected or the first cable to be connected when performing installation or removal procedures on this product.

Special Handling and Unpacking Instruction

NOTICE

ESD Sensitive Device!



Electronic boards and their components are sensitive to static electricity. Therefore, care must be taken during all handling operations and inspections of this product, in order to ensure product integrity at all times.

▲CAUTION

Handling and operation of the product is permitted only for trained personnel within a work place that is access controlled. Follow the "General Safety Instructions for IT Equipment" supplied with the system.

Do not handle this product out of its protective enclosure while it is not used for operational purposes unless it is otherwise protected.

Whenever possible, unpack or pack this product only at EOS/ESD safe work stations. Where a safe work station is not guaranteed, it is important for the user to be electrically discharged before touching the product with his/her hands or tools. This is most easily done by touching a metal part of your system housing.

It is particularly important to observe standard anti-static precautions when changing piggybacks, ROM devices, jumper settings etc. If the product contains batteries for RTC or memory backup, ensure that the product is not placed on conductive surfaces, including anti-static plastics or sponges. They can cause short circuits and damage the batteries or conductive circuits on the product.

Lithium Battery Precautions

If your product is equipped with a lithium battery, take the following precautions when replacing the battery.

ACAUTION

Danger of explosion if the battery is replaced incorrectly.

- Replace only with same or equivalent battery type recommended by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

General Instructions on Usage

In order to maintain Kontron's product warranty, this product must not be altered or modified in any way. Changes or modifications to the product, that are not explicitly approved by Kontron and described in this user guide or received from Kontron Support as a special handling instruction, will void your warranty.

This product should only be installed in or connected to systems that fulfill all necessary technical and specific environmental requirements. This also applies to the operational temperature range of the specific board version that must not be exceeded. If batteries are present, their temperature restrictions must be taken into account.

In performing all necessary installation and application operations, only follow the instructions supplied by the present user guide.

Keep all the original packaging material for future storage or warranty shipments. If it is necessary to store or ship the product then re-pack it in the same manner as it was delivered.

Special care is necessary when handling or unpacking the product. See Special Handling and Unpacking Instruction.

Quality and Environmental Management

Kontron aims to deliver reliable high-end products designed and built for quality, and aims to complying with environmental laws, regulations, and other environmentally oriented requirements. For more information regarding Kontron's quality and environmental responsibilities, visit http://www.kontron.com/about-kontron/corporate-responsibility/quality-management.

Disposal and Recycling

Kontron's products are manufactured to satisfy environmental protection requirements where possible. Many of the components used are capable of being recycled. Final disposal of this product after its service life must be accomplished in accordance with applicable country, state, or local laws or regulations.

WEEE Compliance

The Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive aims to:

- Reduce waste arising from electrical and electronic equipment (EEE)
- Make producers of EEE responsible for the environmental impact of their products, especially when the product become waste
- Encourage separate collection and subsequent treatment, reuse, recovery, recycling and sound environmental disposal of EEE
- Improve the environmental performance of all those involved during the lifecycle of EEE



Environmental protection is a high priority with Kontron.

Kontron follows the WEEE directive

You are encouraged to return our products for proper disposal.

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1/ Introduction

This user guide describes the COMe-bDV7 made by Kontron and focuses on describing the COMe-bDV7's special features. New users are recommended to study this user guide before switching on the power.

1.1. Product Description

The COMe-bDV7 is part of Kontron's COM Express® module family. The COMe-bDV7 is an entry-level server-grade platform based on the Intel® Atom® C3000 SoC processor series featuring scalable CPU performance with up to 16 cores. This performance combined with quad 10GbE interfaces, and an additional Gigabit interface makes the COMe-bDV7 ideal for network intensive implementations.

General COMe-bDV7 features are:

- Entry level server-grade platform
- Quad 10 GbE and one Gigabit Ethernet
- High-speed connectivity PCIe 3.0, SATA3, USB 3.0
- 2x DDR4-2400 SODIMM sockets for up to 64 GB (non-ECC/ECC) (on request 4x SODIMM sockets for up to 128 GB)
- Industrial grade version

Figure 1: COMe-bDV7 COM Express® Module



1.2. Product Naming Clarification

COM Express® defines a Computer-on-Module, or COM, with all the components necessary for a bootable host computer, packaged as a super component. The product names for Kontron COM Express® Computer-on-Modules consist of:

- Short form of the industry standard
 - COMe-
- Module form factor
 - b=basic (125mm x 95mm)
 - c=compact (95mm x 95mm)
 - m=mini (84mm x 55mm)
- Intel's® processor code name
 - DV = Denverton-NS
- Pinout type
 - Type 6
 - Type 7
 - Type10
- Available temperature variants
 - Commercial
 - Extended (E1)
 - Industrial (E2) and Rapid shutdown industrial (R E2)
 - Screened industrial (E2S) and Rapid shutdown screened industrial (R E2S)
- Processor Identifier
- Chipset identifier (if chipset assembled)
- Memory size
 - Memory module (#G)/eMMC pSLC memory (#S)

1.3. COM Express® Documentation

The COM Express® specification defines the COM Express® module form factor, pinout and signals. The COM Express document is available on the PICMG® website.

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1.4. COM Express® Functionality

All Kontron COM Express® basic and compact modules contain two 220-pin connectors. Each connector has two rows called Row A & B on the primary connector and Row C & D on the secondary connector. COM Express® Computer-on-Modules feature the following maximum amount of interfaces according to the PICMG module pinout type. Type 7 contains the Type 6 features with the exception of audio and video interfaces and with reduced SATA and USB interfaces.

Table 1: Pin Assignment of Type 6 and COMe-bDV7

Feature	Type 7 Pinout	COMe-bDV7 Pinout
Gigabit Ethernet	1x	1x
10 Gb Ethernet	4x	4x
NC-SI Interface	1x	1x
Serial ATA	2x	2x
		(Option to implement SATA1 as additional USB 3.09
PCI Express	32x	Up to 14 PCle Gen3
USB Client	1x	
USB 3.0	4x	3x
		(Option to implement SATA1 as additional USB 3.0)
USB 2.0	4x	4x
LPC	1x (or eSPI)	1x
External SMB	1x	1x
External I2C	1x	1x
GPIO	8x	8x
SDIO shared w/GPIO	1x	
UART (2-wire COM)	2x	2x
FAN PWM out	1x	1x

1.5. COM Express® Benefits

COM Express® defines a Computer-on-Module, or COM, with all the components necessary for a bootable host computer, packaged as a highly integrated computer. All Kontron COM Express® modules are very compact and feature a standardized form factor and a standardized connector layout that carry a specified set of signals. Each COM is based on the COM Express® specification. This standardization allows designers to create a single-system carrier board that can accept present and future COM Express® modules.

The carrier board designer can optimize exactly how each of these functions implements physically. Designers can place connectors precisely where needed for the application, on a carrier board optimally designed to fit a system's packaging.

A single carrier board design can use a range of COM Express® modules with different sizes and pin-outs. This flexibility differentiates products at various price and performance points and provides a built-in upgrade path when designing future-proof systems. The modularity of a COM Express® solution also ensures against obsolescence when computer technology evolves. A properly designed COM Express® carrier board can work with several successive generations of COM Express® modules.

A COM Express® carrier board design has many advantages of a customized computer-board design and, additionally, delivers better obsolescence protection, heavily reduced engineering effort, and faster time to market.

2/ Product Specification

2.1. Module Variants

The COMe-bDV7 is available in different processor and temperature variants to cover demands in performance, price and power.

2.2. Commercial Grade Modules (0°C to +60°C)

Table 2: Product Number for Commercial Grade Modules (0°C to +60°C operating)

Product Number	Product Name	Description
68006-0000-58-9	COMe-bDV7 C3958	COM Express® basic pin-out type 7 Computer-on-Module with Intel® Atom® Processor C3958, 16 core, 2.0 GHz, 4x 10 GbE, 2x DDR4 SODIMM socket
68006-0000-58-8	COMe-bDV7 C3858	COM Express® basic pin-out type 7 Computer-on-Module with Intel® Atom® Processor C3858, 12 core, 2.0 GHz, 4x 10 GbE, 2x DDR4 SODIMM socket
68006-0000-58-7	COMe-bDV7 C3758	COM Express® basic pin-out type 7 Computer-on-Module with Intel® Atom® Processor C3758, 8 core, 2.2GHz, 4x 10 GbE, 2x DDR4 SODIMM socket
68006-0000-58-5	COMe-bDV7 C3558	COM Express® basic pin-out type 7 Computer-on-Module with Intel® Atom® Processor C3558, 4 core, 2.2GHz, 2x 10 GbE + 2x 2.5 GbE, 2x DDR4 SODIMM socket

2.3. Industrial Temperature Grade Modules (R E2, -40°C to +85°C)

Table 3: Product Number for Industrial Grade Modules (-40°C to +85°C operating)

Product Number	Product Name	Description
68007-0000-08-8	COMe-bDV7R E2 C3808	COM Express® basic pin-out type 7 Computer-on-Module with Intel® Atom® Processor C3808, 12 core, 2.0 GHz, 4x 10 GbE, 2x DDR4 SODIMM socket, Industrial temperature
68007-0000-08-7	COMe-bDV7R E2 C3708	COM Express® basic pin-out type 7 Computer-on-Module with Intel® Atom® Processor C3708, 8 core, 1.7 GHz, 4x 10 GbE, 2x DDR4 SODIMM socket, Industrial temperature
68007-0000-08-5	COMe-bDV7R E2 C3508	COM Express® basic pin-out type 7 Computer-on-Module with Intel® Atom® Processor C3508, 4 core, 1.5 GHz, 4x 2.5 GbE, 2x DDR4 SODIMM socket, Industrial temperature
68007-0000-08-3	COMe-bDV7R E2 C3308	COM Express® basic pin-out type 7 Computer-on-Module with Intel® Atom® Processor C3308, 2 core, 1.6 GHz, 4x 2.5 GbE, 1x DDR4 SODIMM socket, Industrial temperature

2.4. Accessories

Accessories are either specific to the COMe-bDV7 or the COMe pin-out Type 7. For more information regarding accessories for your Kontron product, contact your local Kontron sales representative or Kontron Inside Sales.

Table 4: Product Accessories

Part Number		Description
68007-0000-99-0	HSP COMe-bDV7, thread	Heatspreader for COMe-bDV7 threaded mounting holes
68007-0000-99-1	HSP COMe-bDV7, through	Heatspreader for COMe-bDV7 through mounting holes
38025-0000-99-0005	HSK COMe-basic Active (w/o HSP)	Active Cooler for COMe-bxL6/bDV7 to be mounted on HSP
38025-0000-99-0006	HSK COMe-basic passive (w/o HSP)	Passive Cooler for COMe-bxL6/bDV7 to be mounted on HSP

Table 5: COMe Pin-out Type 7 Accessories

Part Number	COMe Carrier	Description
68300-0000-00-0	COMe Eval Carrier Type 7	COM Express® Eval Carrier Type 7
68300-0000-01-0	ADA-COMe-T7 4X10G RJ45	Interposer card, 4x 10 GbE RJ45 adapter for COMe Eval Carrier T7 - 68300-0000-00-0
68301-0000-00-8	COMe Eval Carrier2 Type 7	COM Express® Eval Carrier Type 7 Gen2
68301-0000-01-4	ADA-COMe-T7-G2 4x 10G - DEV-TOOL	Adaptercard 4x RJ45 with 2x X557-AT2 PHY for for COMe Eval Carrier2 68301-0000-00-8
68301-0000-03-4	ADA-COMe-T7-G2 4x 10G SFP+ - DEV- TOOL	Adaptercard 4x SFP with Inphi PHY CS4223 for COMe Eval Carrier2 68301-0000-00-8
68301-0000-04-4	ADA-COMe-T7-G2 4X 10G - DEV-TOOL	Adaptercard with 4x DAC for COMe Eval Carrier2 68301-0000-00-8

Table 6: Memory Modules

Part Number	Memory	Description
97020-0424-COM7	DDR4-2400 SODIMM 4 GB_COM7	DDR4-2400, 4 GB, 260P, 1200 MHz, PC4-2400 SODIMM
97020-0824-COM7	DDR4-2400 SODIMM 8 GB_COM7	DDR4-2400, 8 GB, 260P, 1200 MHz, PC4-2400 SODIMM
97020-1624-COM7	DDR4-2400 SODIMM 16 GB_COM7	DDR4-2400, 16 GB, 260P, 1200 MHz, PC4-2400 SODIMM
97020-3224-COM7	DDR4-2400 SODIMM 32 GB_COM7	DDR4-2400, 32 GB, 260P, 1200 MHz, PC4-2400 SODIMM
97021-0424-COM7	DDR4-2400 SODIMM 4 GB E2_COM7	DDR4-2400, 4 GB, E2, 260P, 1200 MHz, PC4-2400 SODIMM, industrial temperature
97021-0824-COM7	DDR4-2400 SODIMM 8 GB E2_COM7	DDR4-2400, 8 GB, E2, 260P, 1200 MHz, PC4-2400 SODIMM, industrial temperature
97021-1624-COM7	DDR4-2400 SODIMM 16 GB E2_COM7	DDR4-2400, 16 GB, E2, 260P, 1200 MHz, PC4-2400 SODIMM, industrial temperature
97021-3224-COM7	DDR4-2400 SODIMM 32 GB E2_COM7	DDR4-2400, 32 GB, E2, 260P, 1200 MHz, PC4-2400 SODIMM, industrial temperature

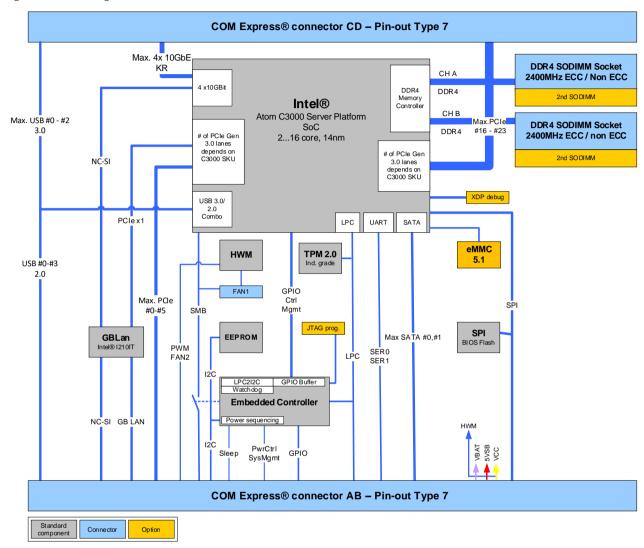
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Part Number	Memory	Description
97030-0424-COM7	DDR4-2400 SODIMM 4 GB ECC_COM7	DDR4-2400, 4 GB, ECC, 260P, 1200 MHz, PC4- 2400 SODIMM
97030-0824-COM7	DDR4-2400 SODIMM 8 GB ECC_COM7	DDR4-2400, 8GB, ECC, 260P, 1200 MHz, PC4-2400 SODIMM
97030-1624-COM7	DDR4-2400 SODIMM 16 GB ECC_COM7	DDR4-2400, 16 GB, ECC, 260P, 1200 MHz, PC4- 2400 SODIMM
97030-3224-COM7	DDR4-2400 SODIMM 32 GB ECC_COM7	DDR4-2400, 32 GB, ECC, 260P, 1200 MHz, PC4- 2400 SODIMM
97031-0424-COM7	DDR4-2400 SODIMM 4 GB ECC E2_COM7	DDR4-2400, 4 GB, ECC, E2, 260P, 1200 MHz, PC4- 2400 SODIMM, industrial temperature
97031-0824-COM7	DDR4-2400 SODIMM 8 GB ECC E2_COM7	DDR4-2400, 8 GB, ECC, E2, 260P, 1200 MHz, PC4- 2400 SODIMM, industrial temperature
97031-1624-COM7	DDR4-2400 SODIMM 16 GB ECC E2_COM7	DDR4-2400, 16 GB, ECC, E2, 260P, 1200 MHz, PC4- 2400 SODIMM, industrial temperature
97031-3224-COM7	DDR4-2400 SODIMM 32 GB ECC E2_COM7	DDR4-2400, 32 GB, ECC, E2, 260P, 1200 MHz, PC4-2400 SODIMM, industrial temperature

2.5. Functional Specification

2.5.1. Block Diagram

Figure 2: Block Diagram COMe-bDV7



2.5.2. Processor

The Intel® Atom® processor C3000 series, formerly Denverton-NS, uses the 14 nm processor technology with 34 mm x 28 mm package size and BGA 1310.

General Intel® Atom® C3000 Supported Technologies are:

- Intel® 64 Architecture
- Intel® Virtualization Technology (VT-x) and for Directed I/O (VT-d)
- ▶ Intel® VT-x with Extended Page Tables (EPT)
- Intel® Turbo Boost Technology
- ► Intel® Streaming SIMD Extensions 4.1 (Intel® SSE4.1)
- Intel® Streaming SIMD Extensions 4.1 (Intel® SSE4.1)
- Secure Hash Algorithm New Instruction (SHA-NI)

- Enhanced Intel SpeedStep® Technology
- ► Intel® AES New Instructions (AES-NI)
- Execute Disable Bit
- Quick Assist Technology

The Intel Atom® processor C3000 series offers scalable performance, configurable I/O ports and high performance Ethernet. The following table lists the processor specific specifications.

Table 7: Intel® Denverton-NS- Atom® Processor Specifications Commercial Temperature

Intel®	Atom®	Atom®	Atom®	Atom®		
Denverton	C3958	C3858	C3758	C3558		
Processor						
# of Cores	16	12	8	4		
# of Threads	16	12	8	4		
# of HSIO Lanes	20 ^[2]	20 ^[2]	20 ^[2]	12 ^[2]		
Processor Base Frequency	2 GHz	2 GHz	2.2 GHz	2.2 GHz		
Max Turbo Frequency	2 GHz	2 GHz	2.2 GHz	2 GHz		
TDP	31 W	25 W	25 W	16 W		
Cache	16 MB	12 MB	8 MB	8 MB		
Memory Types	DDR4-2400	DDR4-2400	DDR4-2400	DDR4-2133		
Max.# Memory Channels	2	2	2	2		
Max. Memory Size	256 GB ^[1]	256 GB ^[1]	256 GB ^[1]	256 GB ^[1]		
ECC Memory	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
Integrated LAN	4x 10/2.5/1 GbE	4x 10/2.5/1 GbE	4x 10/2.5/1 GbE	2x 10/2.5/1 GbE		
				+ 2x 2.5/1 GbE		
Intel® Quick Assist (QAT)	Supported					
QAT Speed	High	Medium	Low	Low		
QAT Cryptographic Functions	Supported	Supported				
QAT Compression /	Supported	Supported				
Decompression						

^[1] The COMe-bDV7 supports a max. of 128 GB with 4 SODIMM sockets /respect. 64 GB with 2-SODIMM sockets

^[2] The HSIO lanes are shared and used for PCIe, USB3.0, SATA. Depending on the number of supported HSIO lanes, the COMe-cDV7 offers a max of 14x PCIe lanes, 3x USB3.0 ports and 2x SATA ports

Table 8: Intel® Denverton-NS- Atom® Processor Specifications Industrial Temperature

Intel®	Atom®	Atom®	Atom®	Atom®	
Denverton	C3808	C3708	C3508	C3308	
Processor					
# of Cores	12	8	4	2	
# of Threads	12	8	4	2	
# of HSIO lanes	20 [2]	20 [2]	8 [2]	6 [2]	
Processor Base Freq.	2 GHz	1.7 GHz	1.6 GHz	1.6 GHz	
Max Turbo Frequency	2 GHZ	1.7 GHz	1.6 GHz	2.10 GHz	
TDP	25 W	17 W	11.5	9.5	
Cache	12 MB	16 MB	8 MB	4 MB	
Memory Types	DDR4-2133	4-2133 DDR4-2133		DDR4-1866	
Max.# Memory Channels	2	2	2	1	
Max. Memory Size	256 GB ^[1]	256 GB ^[1]	256 GB ^[1]	128 GB ^[1]	
ECC Memory	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Integrated LAN	4x 10/2.5/1 GbE	4x 10/2.5/1 GbE	4x 2.5/1 GbE	4x 2.5/1 GbE	
Intel® Quick Assist (QAT)	Supported				
QAT Speed	High	Medium	Low	Low	
QAT Cryptographic Functions	Supported				
QAT Compression / Decompression	Supported				

^[1] The COMe-bDV7 supports a max. of 128 GB with 4 SODIMM sockets /respect. 64 GB with 2-SODIMM sockets

Not all items specified in Table 7 and [1] The COMe-bDV7 supports a max. of 128 GB with 4 SODIMM sockets /respect. 64 GB with 2-SODIMM sockets



^[2] The HSIO lanes are shared and used for PCIe, USB3.0, SATA. Depending on the number of supported HSIO lanes, the COMe-cDV7 offers a max of 14x PCIe lanes, 3x USB3.0 ports and 2x SATA ports

Table 8 are compatible with the COMe-bDV7's functional specification. For more information on specific COMe-bDV7 supported features, see the relevant subheading in this Chapter, and Table 7 and Table 8 foot notes [1] and [2]

2.5.3. System on a Chip (SoC)

The Intel® Atom® Denverton-NS product family is a SoC solution with integrated Platform Controller Hub (PCH).

The following table lists specific SoC features.

USB	USB 3.0			
SATA	SATA Gen.3			
LAN	Quad Ethernet ports with up to 10 Gb			
VT-d	Supported			
PCIe Clock Buffer	3 Clocks supported (GbE, COMe connector, XDP debug connector)			

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^[2] The HSIO lanes are shared and used for PCIe, USB3.0, SATA. Depending on the number of supported HSIO lanes, the COMe-bDV7 offers a max of 14x PCIe lanes, 3x USB3.0 ports and 2x SATA ports

2.5.4. System Memory

The system memory supports a maximum of two memory channels using DDR4 $2400^{[1]}$ SODIMMs (ECC/non ECC) memory. With two SODIMMs (one SODIMM per channel), a maximum of up to 64 GByte is supported. As an option, two additional SODIMMs are assembled on the bottom side of the module to support four SODIMMs (two SODIMM per channel) with a maximum of up to 128 GByte.

The two additional SODIMM sockets on the bottom side of the module increase the height of the on-modules components and therefore modules assembled with four SODIMM sockets only fit on a carrier board with an 8 mm high COMe connector. Consider this additional height requirement when designing the carrier board. For more information, see Chapter 2.10.2.1: Module Height with Four SODIMM Memory Sockets.

The following table lists specific system memory features.

Memory Socket	2x DDR4 SODIMM
	Option: 4x DDR4 SODIMM
Memory Type	1.2 V DDR4 2400 SODIMM
Memory Channels	2
Memory Configuration	2x DDR4 SODIMM – dual channel with 1x SODIMM/channel (max. up to 64 GB)
	4x DDR4 SODIMM – dual channel with 2x SODIMMs/channel (max. up to 128 GB) ^[2]
Memory Module Size	4 GByte, 8 GByte, 16 GByte and 32 GByte
Peak Bandwidth	34.1 GB/s @ 2400 MT/s
(max.)	
Total Height	8 mm with one SODIMM per channel (top side assembly only)
	16 mm with two SODIMMS per channel (top and bottom side assembly)

^[1] Depending on the CPU version a data transfer rate of up to 2400 MT/s is supported.

In general, memory modules have a much lower longevity than embedded COMe modules, and therefore the EOL of the memory modules may occur several times during the lifetime of the module. Kontron guarantees to maintain memory modules by replacing EOL memory modules with another similar type of qualified module.

As a minimum, it is recommend to use Kontron memory modules for prototype system(s) in order to prove the stability of the system and as a reference.

For volume production, if required, test and qualify other types of RAM. In order to qualify RAM it is recommended to configure three systems running a RAM Stress Test program in a heat chamber at 60°C, for a minimum of 24 hours.



For a list of Kontron memory modules, see Table 6: Memory Modules.

2.5.5. USB

The standard USB configuration is three USB 3.0 ports and four USB 2.0 ports.

The following table lists supported USB features.

USB 3.0 Ports	3x USB 3.0 (Option for 4 x USB 3.0)
USB 2.0 Ports	4x USB 2.0 (Option for 3x USB 2.0)

^[2] The C3308 supports only one channel

USB Over Current Signals	2x
--------------------------	----

2.5.5.1. USB 3.0

The default is three USB 3.0 ports with an optional fourth USB 3.0 port if SATA1 is implemented as USB 3.0 port (USB_SS3). All USB 3.0 ports are backwards compatible with the USB 2.0 specification.

The following table lists the COMe connector port and SoC pin combinations for USB 3.0.

COMe Port	SoC HSIO Port [1]	Comments
USB_SS0	16	USB 3.0 port 0
USB_SS1	17	USB 3.0 port 1
USB_SS2	18	USB 3.0 port 2
SATA1/ (USB_SS3)	19	USB 3.0 port 3
		(Default is a SATA port with option for USB 3.0 port)

^[1]For more details information on the SoC HSIO port usage, see Chapter 2.5.9: SoC High-speed Interfaces Overview.

2.5.5.2. USB 2.0

The following table lists the COMe connector port and SoC pin combinations for USB 2.0.

COMe Port	USB 2.0 (SoC Pin)	Comments
USB0	USB2_DP/N[0]	USB 2.0 port 0
USB1	USB2_DP/N[1]	USB 2.0 port 1
USB2	USB2_DP/N[2]	USB 2.0 port2
USB3	USB2_DP/N[3]	USB 2.0 port 3

2.5.6. SATA

The SATA high-speed storage interface supports two SATA Gen.3 ports with transfer rates of up to 6 Gb/s. SATA1 can be implemented as a USB 3.0 port (USB_SS3).

The following table lists the COMe connector port and SoC port combinations for SATA.

COMe Port	SoC HSIO Port [1]	Comment
SATA0	11	SATA Gen.3, 6 Gb/s
SATA1/	19	SATA Gen.3, 6 Gb/s
(USB_SS3)		(Default is SATA port with an option for USB 3.0 port)

^[1]For more details information on the SoC HSIO port usage, see Chapter 3.9: SoC High-speed Interfaces Overview.

2.5.7. PCI Express (PCIE) Configuration

The COMe-bDV7 supports up to 14-HSIO PCIe Gen 3 lanes routed directly to the COMe connector. The number of available PCIe lanes depends on the C3000 processor variant.

The maximum available 14-PCle lanes are configurable in the BIOS setup with x1, x2, x4 and x8 configuration options. PCle lanes [6-9], PCle lanes [8-15] and PCle lanes [24-31] lanes are not available for use. For the default PCle configuration options for the supported number of HSIO ports, see Chapter 2.5.9: SoC High-speed Interfaces Overview.

The following table lists the supported PCle Gen. 3 port options for COMe lanes.

COMe	SoC HSIO	Confi	Configuration Options		ns	Comment
Lane	Port	(x1)	(x2)	x4)	(x8)	
PCIEO	12	x1	x2	x4		PCIe lane
PCIE1	13	(x1)				Feature on request: PCIe lane x1 [1]
PCIE2	14	x1	x2			PCIe Iane
PCIE3	15	(x1)				Feature on request: PCIe lane x1 [1]
PCIE4	8	x1	x2			PCIe lane
PCIE5	9	(x1)				Feature on request: PCIe lane x1 [1]
PCIE16	0	x1	x2	x4	х8	PCIe Ianes
PCIE17	1					
PCIE18	2	x1	x2			
PCIE19	3					
PCIE20	4	x1	x2	х4		
PCIE21	5		1			
PCIE22	6	x1	x2			
PCIE23	7					

^[1] When configuring the PCle lanes as x1 the 2nd lane of the PCle pair is not available, however configurations can be offered on request to allow PCle x1 usage for COMe Lane PCIEO-PCIE5.

2.5.8. Ethernet

To support network intensive implementations, the COMe-bDV7 features the following Ethernet controllers:

- Quad Ethernet ports with up to 10 Gb (depending on C3000 processor variant)
- > 1x 1 Gb Ethernet

2.5.8.1. Quad Ethernet Ports up to 10Gb

The Intel® Atom® Processor C3000 series features two integrated Ethernet controllers with two ports each with the following configurations depending on the C3000 processor variant:

- 2x 10 GbE + 2x 10 GbE
- 2x 10 GbE + 2x 2.5GbE
- 2x 2.5 GbE + 2x 2.5 GbE

The two integrated Ethernet controllers support the following operation modes with the corresponding configuration of the LAN-SPI-flash:

Backplane:

- ▶ 10GBASE-KR (speed: 10 Gb) default configuration. for 10G ports
- ► 1000BASE-KX (speed: 1 Gb)
- ≥ 2500BASE-X (speed: 2.5 Gb) is not an IEEE standard, supports 2.5 G data rate only default configuration. for 2.5 G ports

SFP+:

- FI (speed: 10 Gb) only supported by 10 G ports, native SFI no additional PHY on the carrier board required
- KR (speed 10 Gb)- only supported by 10 G ports, requires an external PHY (Inphi) on the carrier board

10GBASE-T:

- KR (speed: 10 Gb) only supported by 10 G ports , requires an external PHY (Intel) on the carrier board 1000BASE-T:
- SGMII (speed: 1 Gb) requires an external PHY (Marvell) on the carrier board
- KX (speed: 1 Gb) only supported by 10 G ports, requires an external PHY (Intel) on the carrier board

The following table lists the Ethernet Controller's network features.

Data Rate	10 Gb/s 10GBASE-KR (IEEE802.3 KR specification) 1 Gb/s 1000BASE-KX (IEEE802.3 KX specification)
Full Duplex Operation	At all supported speeds
MDIO Interface	Clause 45
Jumbo Frames	Up to 15.5 KB in basic mode 9.5 KB if virtualization or OS2BMC is enabled
VLAN Support	802.1q VLAN Double VLAN
Flow Control Support	Send/receive pause frames and receive FIFO thresholds
Statistics for Management and RMON	Supported
IEEE 1588	Supported

2.5.8.2. On-board Gigabit Ethernet (1GbE)

An on-board Gigabit Intel® I210IT Ethernet controller connects the SoC high-speed I/O port [10] to the carrier board Management Controller (BMC) and acts as a single port Ethernet controller, in both commercial and industrial temperature environments.

Additionally, the Intel® I210IT Ethernet controller manages the use of:

- NC-SI
- SMBus
- MCTP over PCIE/SMBUS to enable reporting and control of information exposed to LOM device via the NC-SI

The following table lists supported Intel® i210IT Ethernet controller features.

Port Configuration	Single	
Data Rate per Port	1 GbE	
Interface Type	PCIe v2.1 (2.5 GT/s)	
NC-Sideband Interface	Supported	
Jumbo Frames	Supported	
Interfaces Supported	1000Base-T	
IEEE 1588	Supported	

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2.5.9. SoC High-speed Interfaces Overview

The following table shows the SoC high-speed serial interface ports utilization and the default COMe PCle configurations for each HSIO port combination are:

Ports		SoC HSIO Utilization							Description	
SoC HSIO	COMe	6-Ports		8-P	8-Ports		12-Ports		orts ^[1]	
11310		COMe default	PCle default config.	COMe default	PCle default config.	COMe default	PCle default config.	COMe default	PCle default config.	
19	SATA1/ USB_SS3	SATA1		SATA1		SATA1		SATA1		SATA Gen. 3 or USB 3.0
18	USB_SS2							USB_SS2		USB 3.0
17	USB_SS1					USB_SS1		USB_SS1		
16	USB_SS0			USB_SS0		USB_SS0		USB_SS 0		
15	PCIE3					PCIE3	х4	PCIE3	x4	PCIe lane
14	PCIE2					PCIE2		PCIE2		
13	PCIE1			PCIE1	x2	PCIE1		PCIE1		
12	PCIE0	PCIE0	x1	PCIEO		PCIEO		PCIEO		
11	SATA0	SATA0		SATA0		SATA0		SATA0		SATA Gen. 3
10	GBE	GBE		GBE		GBE		GBE		1 GbE Port
9	PCIE5					PCIE5	x2	PCIE5	x2	PCIe lane
8	PCIE4	PCIE4	x1	PCIE4	x1	PCIE4		PCIE4		
7	PCIE23							PCIE23	x8	
6	PCIE22							PCIE22		
5	PCIE21							PCIE21		
4	PCIE20							PCIE20		
3	PCIE19							PCIE19		
2	PCIE18							PCIE18		
1	PCIE17							PCIE17		
0	PCIE16	PCIE16	x1	PCIE16	x1	PCIE16	x1	PCIE16		

 $^{^{[1]}}$ SATA 0 is on SATA Controller 0, SATA 1 independently on SATA Controller 1 for higher performance



Different HSIO depends on the SoC. For configuration of the HSIOs (6-ports, 8-ports, 12-ports and 20-ports), the following BIOS setting must be set to disabled: Advanced>Firmware Update Configuration>Disabled.

2.5.10. Storage

The following table lists the supported storage features.

eMMC	eMMC 5.1 NAND Flash
	Up to 84 GB pSLC (or up to 256 GB TLC)
SATA AHCI	NCQ, HotPlug, eSATA and Staggered Spinup



Pseudo SLC (pSLC) is reconfigured MLC. pSLC memory capacity is half of the MLC capacity.

2.5.11. BIOS/Software

The following table lists the supported BIOS and software features.

BIOS EFI	AMI Aptio V UEFI
Software	KeAPI 3.0 for all supported OS
	EFI Utilities to log and process module information
	BIOS/EFI Flash utility for EFI Shell, Windows, Linux
	BIOS/EFI utility for customers to implement Boot Logo
Operating System (OS)	Windows® Server 2012/2016
	Linux Yocto 64- bit
	VxWorks 7.x

2.5.12. COMe Features

The following table lists the supported COM Express® features.

SPI	Boot from an external SPI
LPC	Supported
UART	2x UART (RX/TX)
LID Signal	Supported
Sleep Signal	Supported
SMBus	Speed configurable, default 100 k SMB
RTC	System time and date

2.5.13. Kontron Features

The following table lists the supported Kontron specific product features.

External I2C Bus	Fast I2C, Multimaster capable
Embedded API	KeAPI 3.0
Customer BIOS Settings / Flash Backup	Supported
Watchdog Support	Dual staged
External SIO	Supported on the carrier board
GPIO	GPI[0:3] and GPO[0:3]

2.6. Electrical Specification

2.6.1. Power Supply Specifications

Power is supplied by either an ATX (12 V + 5 V standby) or a single power wide range (8.5 V to 20 V). power supply.

The following table lists the power supply specifications.

Supply Voltage (VCC)	12 V
Standby Voltage	5 V ±5%
Supply Voltage Range (VCC)	8.5 V to 20 V (wide range voltage input across the whole temperature range)

2.6.1.1. Power Supply Voltage Rise Time

The input voltage rise time is 0.1 ms to 20 ms from input voltage \leq 10% to nominal VCC. To comply with the ATX specification there must be a smooth and continuous ramp of each DC input voltage from 10% to 90% of the DC input voltage final set point.

2.6.1.2. Power Supply Voltage Ripple

The maximum power supply voltage ripple is 200 mV peak-to-peak at 0 MHz – 20 MHz.

2.6.1.3. Inrush Current

The maximum inrush current at 5 V standby is 2 A, and from state G3 (Module is mechanically completely off, with no power consumption) or state S5 (module appears to be completely off) to state S0 (module is fully usable) the maximum inrush current meets the SFX Design Guide.

2.6.2. Power Management

If the supply voltage (VCC) is removed, by applying 5 V \pm 5% to the COMe connector's 5 V Standby power pins (V_5V_STBY) the following ACPI suspend power states can be supported to save power:

- > S4- Hibernate where the module appears to be off and power consumption is kept to a minimum
- S5 Soft-off states where the modules appears to be off

If the supply voltage is applied to the COMe connector's VCC pins (VCC_12V), the following ACPI wake up power state is supported:

SO – Wake-up state where the module is fully functional and supply voltage(VCC) is required to power the module

- Advanced>ACPI Settings>>Enable ACPI Auto Config>Enable/Disable
- Advanced>Lid Switch Mode>Enable/Disable
- Advanced>Sleep Button Mode>Enable/Disable
- IntelRCSetup>Processor Configuration>ACPI 3.0 T-states>Enable/Disable

For further ACPI information, see Chapter 3.1: ACPI Power States.

2.6.2.1. Power Supply Control Settings

The power supply control settings are set in the BIOS and enable the module to shut down, rest and wake from standby properly.

The following table lists the implemented power supply control settings.

Power Button (PWRBTN#)	Pin B12	To start the module using the power button, the PWRBTN# signal must be at least 50 ms (50 ms \leq t $<$ 4 s, typical 400 ms) at low level (Power Button Event). Pressing the power button for at least four seconds turns off power to the module (Power Button Override).
Power Good (PWR_OK)	Pin B24	PWR_OK is internally pulled up to 3.3 V and must be at the high level to power on the module. This can be driven low to hold the module from powering up as long as needed. The carrier needs to release the signal when ready. Low level prevents the module from entering the SO state (Wake up event). A falling edge during SO (Wake up event) causes a direct switch to S5 (Power Failure).
Reset Button (SYS_RESET#)	Pin B49	When the SYS_RESET# pin is detected active (falling edge triggered), it allows the processor to perform a "graceful" reset, by waiting up to 25 ms for the SMBus to go idle before forcing a reset, even though activity is still occurring. Once the reset is

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		asserted, it remains asserted for 5 ms to 6 ms regardless of whether the SYS_RESET# input remains asserted or not.
SM-Bus Alert (SMB_ALERT#)	Pin B15	With an external battery manager present and SMB_ALERT #connected, the module always powers on even if the BIOS switch "After Power Fail" is set to "Stay Off".
Battery low (BATLOW#)	Pin A27	BATLOW# can be used as a power fail indication a Type 7 system where assertion prevents wake from S3-S5 states.

2.6.3. Power Supply Modes

Setting the power supply controls enables the COMe-bDV7 to operating in either ATX power mode or in single power supply mode.

2.6.3.1. ATX Modes

To start the module in ATX mode and power VCC, follow the step below.

- 1. Connect the ATX PSU with VCC and 5 VSB, to set PWR_OK to low and VCC to 0 V.
- 2. Press the power button to set the PWR_OK to high and power VCC.

The PS_ON# signal generated by SUS_S3# (A15) indicates that the system is in the Suspend to RAM state. An inverted copy of SUS_S3# on the carrier board may be used to enable non-standby power on a typical ATX supply. The input voltage must always be higher than 5 V standby (VCC > 5 VSB) for Computer-On-Modules supporting a wide input voltage range down to 8.5 V.

The following table lists the ATX mode settings.

State	PWRBTN#	PWR_OK	V5_StdBy	PS_ON#	VCC
G3	X ^[1]	х	0 V	Х	0 V
S5	high	low	5 V	high	0 V
S5 → S0	PWRBTN Event	low → high	5 V	high→ low	O V→ VCC
S0	high	high	5 V	low	VCC

^[1]Signals are not relevant for the specific power state. It makes no difference if the signal is connected or open.

2.6.3.2. Single Supply Mode

In single supply mode, without 5 V standby, the module starts automatically if VCC power is connected and the Power Good input is open or at the high level (internal PU to 3.3 V).

PS_ON# is not used in single supply mode and the input voltage VCC range can be 8.5 V to 20 V.

To power on the module from S5 state, press the power button or reconnect VCC. Suspend/Standby states are not supported in single supply mode.

The following table lists the single supply mode settings.

State	PWRBTN#	PWR_OK	V5_StdBy	VCC
G3	x ^[1] / 0 V	x ^[1] / 0 V	x ^[1] / 0 V	0 V
G3 → S0	high	open / high	open	connecting VCC
S5	high	open / high	open	VCC
S5 → S0	PWRBTN Event	open / high	open	reconnecting VCC

^[1] Signals are not relevant for the specific power state. It makes no difference if the signal is connected or open.



All ground pins must be connected to the carrier board's ground plane.

2.7. Thermal Management

2.7.1. Heatspreader and Active or Passive Cooling Solutions

A heatspreader plate assembly is available from Kontron for the COMe-bDV7. The heatspreader plate assembly is NOT a heat sink. The heatspreader works as a COM Express® standard thermal interface to be use with a heat sink or external cooling devices.

External cooling must be provided to maintain the heatspreader plate at proper operating temperatures. Under worst-case conditions, the cooling mechanism must maintain an ambient air and heatspreader plate temperature on any part of the heatspreader's surface according to the module's specifications:

- ► 60°C for commercial temperature grade modules
- ▶ 85°C for industrial temperature grade modules (E2)

2.7.2. Active or Passive Cooling Solutions

Both active and passive thermal management approaches can be used with heatspreader plates. The optimum cooling solution varies, depending on the COM Express® application and environmental conditions. Active or passive cooling solutions provided from Kontron for the COMe-bDV7 are usually designed to cover the power and thermal dissipation for a commercial temperature range used in housing with proper airflow.

For more information concerning possible cooling solutions, see Chapter 2.4 Accessories.

2.7.3. Operating with Kontron Heatspreader Plate (HSP) Assembly

The operating temperature defines two requirements:

- Maximum ambient temperature with ambient being the air surrounding the module
- Maximum measurable temperature on any part of the heatspreader's surface

The heatspreader is tested for the temperature specifications listed in the table below.

Table 9: Heatspreader Test Temperature Specifications

Temperature Specification	Validation Requirements
Commercial Grade	at 60°C HSP temperature the CPU @ 100% load needs to run at nominal frequency
Industrial Grade by screening (E2)	at 85°C HSP temperature the CPU @ 50% load is allowed to start throttling for thermal protection



HOT Surface!

Do NOT touch! Allow to cool before touching.

2.7.4. Operating without Kontron Heatspreader Plate (HSP) Assembly

The operating temperature is the maximum measurable temperature on any part of the module's surface.

2.7.5. On-board Fan Connector

The module's 3-pin fan connector powers, controls and monitors a fan for chassis ventilation.

Figure 3: Fan Connector 3-Pin



Table 10: Fan Connector (3-Pin) Pin Assignment

Pin	Signal	Description	Туре
1	Fan_Tach_IN#	Input voltage	I
2	V_FAN	Limited to a max. 12 V (±10%) across the whole input range	PWR
3	GND	Power GND	PWR

To connect a standard 3-pin connector fan to the module, use one of the following adaptor cables:

- KAB-HSP 200 mm (Part number 96079-0000-00-0)
- KAB-HSP 40 mm (Part number 96079-0000-00-2)

NOTICE

Always check the fan specification according to the limitations of the supply current and supply voltage.

If the input voltage is below 13 V, the maximum supply current to the on-board fan connector is 350 mA. The maximum supply current is further limited to 150 mA if the input voltage is between 13 V and 20 V. For an overview of the electrical characteristics, refer to Table 11.

Table 11: Electrical Characteristics of the Fan Connector

Module Input Voltage	FAN Output Voltage	FAN Output Current	
< 13 V	8.5 V to 13 V	350 mA Max.	
13 V to 20 V	12 V (± 10%)	150 mA	

2.8. Environmental Specification

2.8.1. Temperature

Kontron defines the following temperature grades for Computer-On-Modules. For more information on the available temperature grades for the COMe-bDV7, see Chapter 2.1: Module Variants.

Table 12: Temperature Grade Specifications

Temperature Grades	Operating	Non-operating / Storage
Commercial Grade	0°C to +60°C	-30°C to +85°C
Industrial Grade E2 and	-40°C to +85°C	-40°C to +85°C

2.8.2. Humidity

Table 13: Humidity Specification

Humidity		
Relative Humidity	ve Humidity 93% at 40°C non-condensing	
	(according to IEC 60068-2-78)	

2.9. Compliance

The COMe-bDV7 complies with the listed European Council directives or the latest status thereof:

- European Council directive relating to Electromagnetic Compatibility (2014/30/EU)
- ► General Product safety Directive (2001/95/EC)
- Low Voltage directive (2014/35/EU)

The following table provides information regarding standards that are elements of the CE declaration and additional standard compliancy information. For more information, contact Kontron Support.

Table 14: Compliance

EMC	Emission	Emission EN 55032 (CISPR 32)	
		Electromagnetic compatibility of multimedia equipment - emission requirements	
		IEC/ EN 61000-3-2: Limits for harmonic current emissions	
		IEC/ EN 61000-3-3: Limits for Voltage changes, voltage fluctuations and flicker	
	Immunity EN 55024 (CISPR 24)		
		Information Technology Equipment- Immunity characteristics- Limits and methods of measurements	
		EN 61000-6-2	
		Generic Standards immunity for industrial environments + CENELEC - Cor	
Safety	ı/CE	EN/IEC 62368-1	
		Safety requirements for audio/video, information, and communication technology equipment	
		UL 60950-1/CSA 60950-1 (component recognition)	
		Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment	
		NWGQ2.E304278	
		NWGQ8.E304278	
Shock		IEC/EN 60068-2-27	
		Non-operating shock - (half-sinusoidal, 11 ms, 15 g)	
Vibration		IEC/EN 60068-2-6	
		Non-operating vibration - (sinusoidal, 10 Hz - 2000 Hz, +/- 0.15 mm, 2 g)	
RoHS		directive 2011/65/EU	
		Restriction of Hazardous substance in electrical and Electronic Equipment (RoHS)	
WEEE		Directive 2012/19/EU	
		Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE)	
REACH		Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006	
		Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)	

2.9.1. MTBF

The MTBF (Mean Time Before Failure) values were calculated using a combination of the manufacturer's test data, (if available) and the Telcordia (Bellcore) issue 2 calculation for the remaining parts.

The Telcordia calculation used is "Method 1 Case 3" in a ground benign, controlled environment. This particular method takes into account varying temperature and stress data and the system is assumed to have not been burned-in. Other environmental stresses (such as extreme altitude, vibration, salt-water exposure) lower MTBF values.

Table 15: MTBF Estimated Values

MTBF

System MTBF (hour) = 560342h@ 40°C for COMe-bDV7 C3958

Reliability report article number: 68006-0000-58-9

System MTBF (hour) = 533426h @ 40°C for COMe-bDV7 R E2 C3808

Reliability Report article number: 68007-0000-08-8



Fans usually shipped with Kontron's modules have a 50,000 hour typical operating life. The MTBF estimated values above assumes no fan, but a passive heat sinking arrangement. Estimated RTC battery life (as opposed to battery failures) is not accounted for and needs to be considered separately. Battery life depends on both temperature and operating conditions. When the module is connected to an external power source, the only battery drain is from leakage paths.

Figure 4 and Figure 5 show the MTBF de-rating values for module used in the E1 (-25° C to $+75^{\circ}$ C) temperature range in an office or telecommunications environment. Other environmental stresses (extreme altitude, vibration, salt-water exposure, etc.) lower MTBF values.

Figure 4: MTBF De-rating Values @ 40°C for the COMe- bDV7 C3958 (MTBF: 560342 hours)

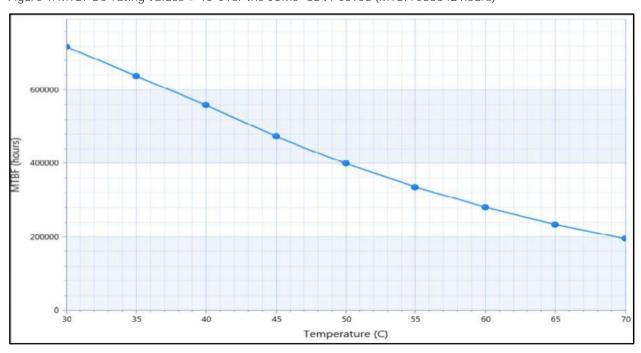
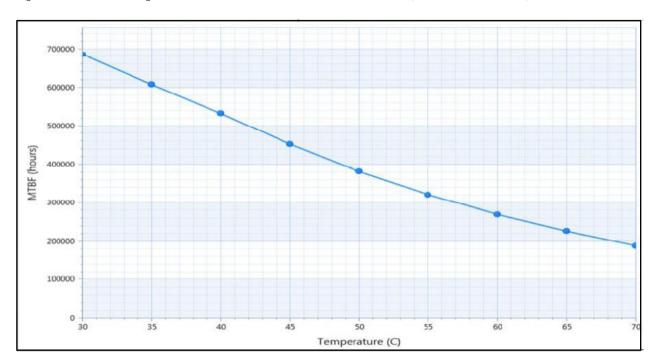


Figure 5: MTBF De-rating Values @ 40°C for the COMe- bDV7 R E2 C3808 (MTBF: 533426 hours)



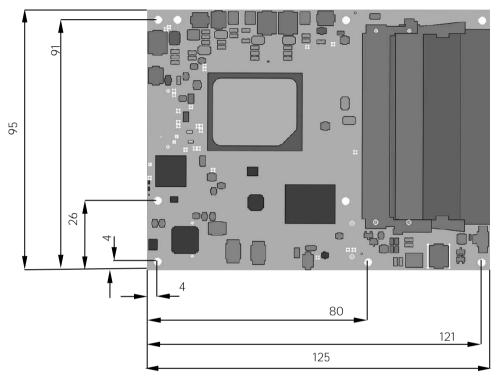
2.10. Mechanical Specification

The mechanical specification of the standard COMe-bDV7 basis COM Express® PICMG COM.0 Rev 3.0 Type 7 module.

2.10.1. Dimensions

The overall dimensions of the basic module are 125 mm x 95 mm.

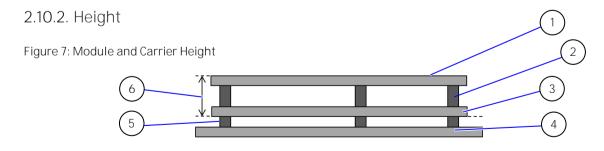
Figure 6: Module Dimensions



*All dimensions in mm.



CAD drawings are available at Kontron's Customer Section.



- 1 Heatspreader
- 2 Heatspreader standoff(s)
- 3 Module PCB board

- 4 Carrier PCB Board
- 5 Connector standoff(s) 5 mm or 8 mm
- 6 13 mm +/- 0.65 mm

The COM Express® specification defines a module height of approximately 13 mm from the bottom of the module's PCB board to the top of the heatspreader, as shown in Figure 7: Module and Carrier Height. The overall height of the module and carrier board depends on maximum memory requirement and the implemented cooling solution.

2.10.2.1. Module Height with Four SODIMM Memory Sockets

The overall height of the module and carrier board depends on whether the COMe-bDV7 is implemented with:

- two SODIMMs both located on module's top side (standard variant)
- four SODIMMs with two located on module's top side and bottom side

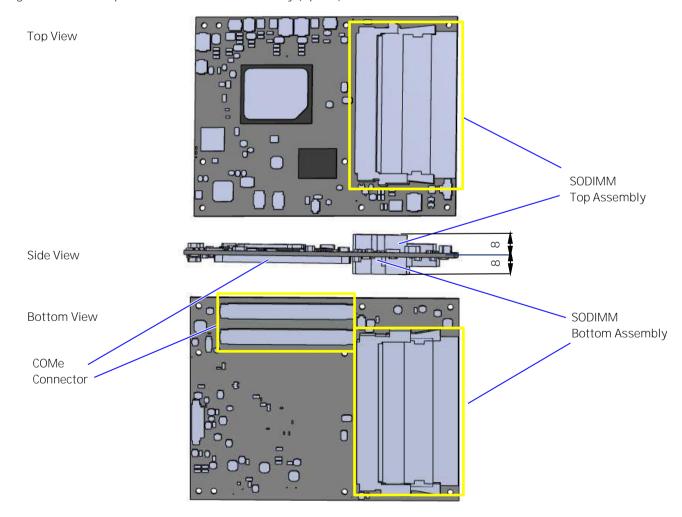
The COMe-bDV7 variant with four SODIMM memory is outside the basis COM Express® PICMG COM.0 Rev 3.0 Type 7 module form factor and requires the carrier board to be designed to support an 8 mm high COMe connector, see Table 6. To calculate the total height of the module and carrier take both the top side height and the bottom side height into consideration.



The 4x SODIMM variant has SODIMM sockets assembled on the bottom side of the module and requires a carrier board with 8 mm high COMe connectors and a component free area on the carrier board below the module SODIMM sockets.

The following figure shows the module board with the optional variant SODIMMs assemble on the top side and the bottom side of the board.

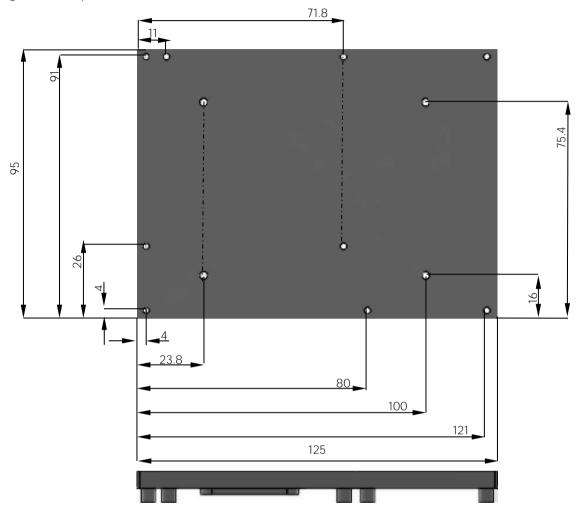
Figure 8: Module Top and Bottom SODIMM Assembly (Option)



2.10.2.2. Heatspreader Dimensions

The following figure shows mounting holes for additional cooling solutions.

Figure 9: Heatspreader Dimensions



^{*}All dimensions in mm.

3/ Features and Interfaces

3.1. ACPI Power States

The Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) 4.0 enables the system to power down and save power when not required (suspend) and wake up when required (resume). The ACPI controls the power states S0-S5, where S0 has the highest priority and S5 the lowest priority. The COMe-bDV7 comes with ACPI 4.0 and supports the power states S1, S4, S5 only.



Not all ACPI defined states are available.

SoC systems that support the low-power idle state do not use S1-S3.

Table 16: Supported Power States Function

SO	Wake-up-event state	
S4	Suspend-to-disk / Hibernate	
S5	Soft-off state	

The following events resume the system from S4 (Suspend-to-disk / Hibernate):

- Power Button
- WakeOnLan

The following events resume the system from S5 (Soft-off state):

- Power Button
- WakeOnLan



OS must support wake up by USB devices and carrier board must power USB Port with StandBy-Voltage. Depending on the used Ethernet MAC/Phy, WakeOnLan must be enabled in the BIOS Setup and driver options.

3.2. eMMC Flash memory

As BOM option an eMMC (Embedded Multimedia Flash Card) can be populated on the COMe-bDV7. The eMMC is eMMC 5.1 compatible.

eMMCs are available as MLC = Multi-Level-Cell or TLC = Triple-Level-Cell.

In order to improve reliability, endurance and performance eMMCs can be re-configured as pSLCs = pseudo Single-Level-Cell.

eMMCs are available with a maximum capacity of 256GB as TLC.

Reconfiguring to pSLC reduces the eMMC capacity.



Pseudo SLC (pSLC) memory is a reconfigured MLC/TLC eMMC.

MLC to pSLC: the capacity is half of a MLC memory.

TLC to pSLC: the capacity is a third of the TLC memory.

3.3. Fast I2C

Fast I2C supports transfer between components on the same board with data transfers up to 400 kHz. The I2C bus uses two bus line and a simple master /slave relationship for signals between components and each component is addressable with a unique software address. For information in the I2C system resources addresses, see Chapter 4.5: I2C Bus. The internal I2C bus speed is selected in the BIOS setup where the I2C bus speed ranges between (1 kHz and

400 kHz). For a default system, 200 kHz is appropriate. For more information on the BIOS set up, refer to Chapter 6/uEFI BIOS.

The on-board I2C controller connects to the LPC bus (LPC2I2C), and on-board EEPROM and COM Express® connector.

The I2C controller supports:

- Multimaster transfers
- Clock stretching
- Collision detection
- Interruption on completion of an operation

3.4. GPIO

The eight GPIO pins support four inputs pins (A54 for GPIO, A63 for GPI1, A67 for GPI2 and A85 for GPI3) and four output pins (A93 for GPO0, B54 for GPO1, B57 for GPO2 and B63 for GPO3) by default. The four GPI [0-3] pins are pulled high with a pull-up resistor (e.g. 100 K ohms) and the four GPO [0-3] pins are pulled low with a pull-down resistor (e.g. 100 K ohms) on the module.

To change the default GPIO signal-state users are required to make BIOS and/or OS-driver changes, and additional hardware changes by adding external termination resistors on the carrier board to override the weak on-module pull-up resistors with a lower resistance pull-down (e.g. 10 K ohms), or pull-down resistors with a lower resistance pull-up (e.g. 10 K ohms).

3.5. HWM

The HardWare Monitor (HWM) controls the health of the system by monitoring critical aspect such as temperatures, power supply voltages and fan speed for cooling. The temperature is controlled by temperature sensors supported via the SMBus interface and directly from the CPU using Intel's[®] PECI3.0 interface. The SMART FAN ™ technology controls the duty cycle of the fan output with temperature setting points. This enables flexible fan control for cooling solutions and noise sensitive solutions. For system protection, users can set threshold values for alarm signals.

3.6. Hyper Threading

Hyper Threading (officially termed Hyper Threading Technology or HTT) is an Intel®-proprietary technology used to improve parallelization of computations performed on PCs. Hyper Threading works by duplicating sections of the processor that store the architectural state but not duplicating the main execution resources. This allows a Hyper Threading equipped processor to pretend to be two "logical" processors to the host operating system, allowing the operating system to schedule two threads or processes simultaneously. Hyper Threading Technology support always relies on the operating system.

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3.7. LPC

The Low Pin Count (LPC) Interface signals are connected to the LPC Bus bridge located in the Soc. The LPC low speed interface can be used for peripheral circuits such as an external Super I/O Controller that typically combines legacy-device support into a single IC. The implementation of this subsystem complies with the COM Express® specification. The COM Express® Design Guide maintained by PICMG provides implementation information or refer to the official PICMG documentation for more information.

The LPC bus does not support DMA (Direct Memory Access). When more than one device is used on LPC, a zero delay clock buffer is required. This leads to limitations for ISA bus and SIO (standard I/O(s) like floppy or LPT interfaces) implementation. The COMe-bDV7 LPC clock buffer allows for the connection of three LPC devices

All Kontron COM Express® Computer-on-Modules include BIOS support for the following external carrier board LPC Super I/O controller features for the HWM chip Nuvoton NCT7802Y.

Table 17: Supported BIOS Features

HWM Feature	AMI EFI APTIO V
COM1/COM2, FPGA, TPM	Supported
PS/2, LPT, HWM, Floppy, GPIO	Not supported

Features marked as not supported do not exclude OS support, except for, HWM that is controlled within the BIOS Advanced setup menu and has no OS software support. The HWM is accessible via the System Management (SM) Bus. For more information, see Chapter 0:

8-bit (hex)	7-bit (hex)	Devices	I2C Bus
Address	Address		
		Embedded controller FPGA	I2C_EXT
AO	50	COMe Module EEPROM	I2C_EXT
58	2C	5ECO Circuit	I2C_EXT
var.	var.	COMexpress connector	I2C_EXT
(AE)	(57)	(carrier EEprom)	I2C_EXT

System Management (SMBus)

If any other LPC Super I/O additional BIOS implementations are necessary, contact Kontron Support.

3.8. Rapid Shutdown



The rapid shutdown function is no longer supported.

Please refer to the PCN BDV7V210.

3.9. Quick Assist Technology (Intel® QAT)

The Intel® Quick Assist Technology (QAT) improves the performance of systems used in applications such as the cloud, networking, big data and storage by speeding up cryptographic workloads. Intel® QAT achieved this by offloading data to hardware capable of optimizing cryptology functions such as integrated built-in cryptographic accelerators and security applications.

This gives users the flexibility to choose different cryptographic accelerators and to scale using multiple cryptographic accelerators if required.

Note: Due to export control classification for the COMe-bDV7 the default BIOS has disabled the Intel QuickAssist Technology Contact your local Kontron sales or support for custom BIOS variants supporting the disabled features.

3.10. RTC

The Real Time Clock (RTC) keeps track of the current time accurately. The RTC's low power consumption means that the RTC can be powered from an alternate source of power enabling the RTC to continue to keep time while the primary source of power is off or unavailable.

A typical RTC voltage is 3 V with a current of less than 10 μ A if the module is powered by the mains supply the RTC voltage is generated by on-module regulators to reduce RTC current draw.

3.11. SMBus

System Management Bus (SMBus) is a 2-wire serial interface used to connect several devices. The SMBus's low bandwidth makes the SMBus ideal for power related signals with low data content. The SMBus supports fan sensors, temperature sensors and voltage sensors.

3.12. SpeedStep® Technology

SpeedStep® technology enables you to adapt high performance computing to your applications by switching automatically between maximum performance mode and battery-optimized mode, depending on the needs of the application. When battery powered or running in idle mode, the processor drops to lower frequencies (by changing the CPU ratios) and voltage, thus conserving battery life while maintaining a high level of performance. The frequency is automatically set back to the high frequency, allowing you to customize performance.

In order to use the Intel® Enhanced SpeedStep® technology the operating system must support SpeedStep® technology.

By deactivating the SpeedStep® feature in the BIOS, manual control or modification of the CPU performance is possible. Setup the CPU Performance State in the BIOS setup or use third party software to control the CPU Performance States.

3.13. Serial peripheral Interface (SPI)

The Serial Peripheral Interface Bus (SPI bus) is a synchronous serial data link standard. Devices communicate in master/slave mode, where the master device initiates the data frame. Multiple slave devices are allowed with individual slave select (chip select) lines. SPI is sometimes called a four-wire serial bus, contrasting with three, two and one-wire serial buses.

The COMe-bDV7 contains one SPI chip and can use an external SPI chip on the carrier board for booting.

3.13.1. SPI boot

The module supports boot from a 16 MB 3V serial external SPI Flash. To configure the SPI Flash to be used for booting, placing jumpers on pin A34 (BIOS_DISO#) and pin B88 (BIOS_DIS1#) as follows:

Table 18: SPI Boot Configuration

Configuration	BIOS_DISO#	BIOS_DIS1#	Function
1	Open	Open	Module SPI only
2	GND	Open	Not supported
3	Open	GND	Carrier board SPI Only
4	GND	GND	Not supported



BIOS does not support being split between two chips. Booting takes place either from the module SPI or from the carrier board SPI.

If the Firmware Update Configuration is set to Enabled (Advanced>Firmware Update Configuration>Enabled), it is possible to flash in the BIOS setup and override the platform configuration on FIA/WM to make changes within the BIOS. These changes will be implemented in the next cycle. Once the changes have been made the BIOS setting will automatically be reset to disabled (Advanced>Firmware Update Configuration>Disabled).

Each time changes are to be made within the BIOS setup, the Firmware Update Configuration must be set to enabled (Advanced>Firmware Update Configuration>Enabled). It is not possible to set the Firmware Update Configuration permanently to enabled, as this prevents HSIO lane configuration. For more information, see 2.5.9: SoC High-speed Interfaces Overview.



After flashing the BIOS set up the Firmware Update Configuration is set to disabled on the next cycle. For further changes Firmware Update Configuration must be reset to enabled.

NOTE: It is not possible to set the Firmware Update Configuration permanently to enabled, as this prevents HSIO lane configuration.

To Flash to an SPI chip that is not the boot SPI Flash chip, see Chapter 3.13.2: Using an External SPI Flash.

Table 19: Supported SPI Boot Flash Types for 8-SOIC Package

Size	Manufacturer	Part Number	Device ID
128 Mb (16 M x8)	Micron Technology	MT25QL128ABA1ESE-OSIT	0xBA18
128 Mb (16 M x8)	ISSI	IS25LP128-JBLE	0x4018
128 Mb (16 M x8)	Winbond	W25Q128JVSIQ	0x6018

3.13.2. Using an External SPI Flash

Initially, boot on the EFI Shell with an USB key containing the binary used to flash the SPI, plugged in on the system. Depending on which SPI you would like to flash, you will need to use the (BIOS_DIS1#) jumper located on the COM Express® carrier.

To flash the carrier or module Flash chip:

- 1. Connect a SPI flash with the correct size (similar to BIOS binary (*.BIN) file size) to the carrier SPI interface.
- 2. Open pin A34 (BIOS_DISO#) and pin B88 (BIOS_DIS1#) to boot from the module BIOS.
- 3. Turn on the system and make sure your USB is connected, then start the setup.
- 4. The BIOS Lock is controlled within the "Relax Security Config" BIOS setup. To disable the BIOS lock set:
 - InterIRCSetup >Relax Security Config >Enabled
 - Enable the local Firmware update by setting:
 - Advanced>Firmware Update Configuration>Local FW update>Enabled
- 5. Save and exit the setup.
- 6. Reboot system into EFI shell.
- 7. Connect pin B88 (BIOS_DIS1#) to ground to enable the external SPI flash.
- 8. From the EFI shell, enter the name of the partition of your USB Key in this example; select FSO: then <enter>.
- Enter the following:



To update to a newer BIOS version, it is recommended to use AMI Flash Utilities (AFU). For more information, refer to the AMI Flash Utilities user guide for options.

The latest BIOS-package can be found on Kontron's <u>Customer Section</u>.

Please follow the instructions of the readme.txt file included in the BIOS-package.

- 10. Wait until the program ends properly and then power cycle the whole system.
- 11. The system is now updated.



Depending on the state of the external SPI flash, the program may display up to two warning messages printed in red. Do not stop the process at this point! After a few seconds of timeout, flashing proceeds. For more information, please visit Kontron's <u>Customer Section</u>.

3.13.3. External SPI flash on Modules with Intel® ME

If booting from the external (carrier board mounted) SPI flash then exchanging the COM Express® module for another module of the same type will cause the Intel® Management Engine (ME) to fail during the next start. This is due to the design of the ME that bounds itself to every module the ME was flashed to previously. In the case of an external SPI flash, this is the module present at flash time.

To avoid this issue, conduct a complete flash of the external SPI flash device after changing the COM Express® module for another module. If disconnecting and reconnecting the same module again, this step is not necessary.

3.14. TPM 2.0

A Trusted Platform Module (TPM) stores RSA encryption keys specific to the host system for hardware authentication. The term TPM refers to the set of specifications applicable to TPM chips. The LPC bus connects the TPM chip to the CPU.

Each TPM chip contains an RSA key pair called the Endorsement Key (EK). The pair is maintained inside the chip and cannot be accessed by software. The Storage Root Key (SRK) is created when a user or administrator takes ownership of the system. The TPM generates the key pair based on the Endorsement Key and an owner-specified password.

A second key, called an Attestation Identity Key (AIK) protects the device against unauthorized firmware and software modification by hashing critical sections of firmware and software before they are executed. When the system attempts to connect to the network, the hashes are sent to a server that verifies that they match the expected values. If any of the hashed components have been modified since the last start, the match fails, and the system cannot gain entry to the network.

3.15. UART

The UART implements an interface for serial communications and supports up to two serial RX/TX ports on pin A98 (SERO TX) and pin A99 (SERO RX) for UARTO, and pin A101 (SER1 TX) and pin A102 (SER1 RX) for UART1.

The UART controller is fully 16550A compatible and supports:

- On-Chip bit rate (baud rate) generator
- No handshake lines
- Interrupt function to the host
- FIFO buffer for incoming and outgoing data

3.16. Virtualization Technology (Intel ® VT)

Intel® Virtualization Technology (Intel® VT) is a portfolio of technologies that enables one hardware platform to function as multiple "virtual" platforms, therefore reducing overhead, improving manageability by limiting downtime, improving productivity by partitioning separate computer activities and improved security in virtual environments.

- Intel® Virtualization Technology (VT-x) enables multiple "virtual" platforms.
- Intel® Virtualization Technology for Directed I/O (VT-d) enables I/O-device virtualization
- Intel® VT-x with Extended Page Tables (EPT)- improves memory intensive virtualized applications with hardware optimization of page table management, (also known as Second Level Address Translation (SLAT)

3.17. Watchdog Timer - Dual Stage

A WatchDog Timer (WDT) or computer operating properly (COP) timer is a computer hardware or software timer. If there is a fault condition in the main program, the watchdog triggers a system reset or other corrective actions. The intention is to bring the system back from the non-responsive state to normal operation.

Possible fault conditions are a hang, or neglecting to service the watchdog regularly. Such as writing a "service pulse" to it, also referred to as "kicking the dog", "petting the dog", "feeding the watchdog" or "triggering the watchdog".

The dual stage watchdog timer works with two stages that can be programmed independently and used stage by stage.

Table 20: Dual Stage Watchdog Timer- Time-out Events

0000b	No action	The stage is off and will be skipped.	
0001b	Reset	A reset restarts the module and starts a new POST and operating system.	
0010b	NMI	A non-maskable interrupt (NMI) is a computer processor interrupt that cannot be ignored by standard interrupt masking techniques in the system.NMI is used typically to signal attention for non-recoverable hardware errors.	
0011b	SMI	A system management interrupt (SMI) makes the processor entering the system management mode (SMM). As such, specific BIOS code handles the interrupt. The current BIOS handler for the watchdog SMI currently does nothing. For special requirements, contact Kontron Support.	
0100b	SCI	A system control interrupt (SCI) is a OS visible interrupt to be handled by the OS using AML code.	
0101b	Delay -> No action*	Might be necessary when an operating system must be started and the time for the first trigger pulse must be extended. Only available in the first stage.	
1000b	WDT Only	This triggers the WDT pin on the carrier board connector (COM Express® pin B27) only	

3.17.1. WDT Signal

Watchdog time-out event (pin B27) on the COM Express® connector supports a signal that can be asserted when a watchdog timer has not been triggered within a set time. The WDT signal is configurable to either of the two stages. After reset, the signal is automatically deasserted. If deassertion is necessary during runtime, contact Kontron Support for further help.

3.18. XDP (Option)

The eXtended Debug Port (XDP) enables hardware debugging to be performed on the system using a 60-pin connector. The XDP interface includes a probe adjacent to the XDP connector and connected to the XDP connector via a ribbon cable. A remote system accesses the hardware probe to debug the system.

4/System Resources

The system resource information is currently in work and not available in this revision of the user guide.

4.1. Legacy Interrupt Request (IRQ) Lines

The following table specifies the device connected to each Interrupt line or if the line is available for new devices.

Table 21: Legacy IRQ Lines

IRQ	General Usage	Project Usage
1	Timer	Timer
2	Keyboard	Keyboard (SuperIO)
3	Redirected secondary PIC	Redirected secondary PIC
4	PCI devices	Free for PCI devices
5	PCI devices	Free for PCI devices
6	LPT2/PCI devices	One of COM3+4
7	FDD	One of COM3+4 or not used
8	LPT1	LPT1 or one of COM3+4
9	RTC	RTC
10	SCI / PCI devices	Free for PCI devices
11	COM2 ^[1]	COM2 ^[1]
12	COM1 ^[1]	COM1 ^[1]
13	PS/2 mouse	PS/2 mouse (or free for PCI devices)
14	FPU	FPU
15	IDEO	Not used

^[1] COM1 and COM2 IRQ are valid only for Windows OS. For Linux non-legacy IRQs are used, IRQ16(COM1) and IRQ17(COM2). Configuration is done via "Advanced -> OS Selection" BIOS option

4.2. Memory Area

The first 640 kB of DRAM are used as main memory (0000-0000 0009-FFFF). Using DOS, you can address the 1 MB of memory directly using special drivers such as HIMEM.SYS and EMM386.EXE, which are part of the operating system. Refer to the operating system documentation or special textbooks for information about HIMEM.SYS and EMM386.EXE. Other operating systems (Linux or Windows versions) allow you to address the full memory area directly

The following table specifies the usage of the address ranges within the memory area.

Table 22: Designated Memory Locations

Address Range	e (hex)	Size	Project Usage
DOS DRAM 0 to	o 1 MB		
0000-0000	0009-FFFF	640 KB	DOS (memory)
000A-0000	000B-FFFF	128 KB	VGA (A Segment and B Segment
000C-0000	000D-FFFF	128 KB	DRAM (C Segment and D Segment)
000E-0000	000E-FFFF	64KB	Extended System BIOS [1]
000F-0000	000F-FFFF	64 KB	System BIOS upper F segment ^[1]
Lower Dram - 1MB to TOLUD (Top of Lower Usage DRAM)			
00F0_0000	0100-0000	1MB	System memory (Low DRAM). This range is always mapped the DRAM.

Address Range	e (hex)	Size	Project Usage
Lower MMIO TOLUD (Top of Lower Usage DRAM) to 4 GB			
FEB0-0000	FEBF-FFFF		Abort
FECO-0000	FECO-0040		I/O(X)APIC
FED0-0000	FEDO-03FF		High performance event timer
FED4-0000	FED4-OFFF		TPM- TPM1.2 range
FED6-0000	FED6-0FFF		XHCI DbC - no other MMIO must overlap this address range
FEE0-0000	FEEF-FFFF		Local APIC
FF00-0000	FFOF-FFFF		BIOS4 Feature space for LPC
FF10-0000	FF1F-FFFF		
FF20-0000	FF2F-FFFF		
FF30-0000	FF3F-FFFF		
FF40-0000	FF4F-FFF		BIOS4 data space for SPI and LPC
FF50-0000	FF5F-FFF		
FF60-0000	FF6F-FFF		
FF70-0000	FF7F-FFF		
FF80-0000	FF87-FFFF		BIOS3 feature space for LPC
FF88-0000	FF8F-FFFF		
FF90-0000	FF97-FFFF		
FF98-0000	FF9F-FFFF		
FFA0-0000	FFA7-FFFF		
FFA8-0000	FFAF-FFFF		
FFB0-0000	FFB7-FFFF		
FFB8-0000	FFBF-FFFF		
FFC0-0000	FFF7-FFFF		BIOS3 data space for SPI and LPC
FFF8-0000	FFFB-FFFF		BIOS2 data space for SPI and LPC
FFF0-0000	FFFF-FFFF		BIOS – data space for SPI and LPC
4Gb to TOUUD	– High DRAM W	indow	
1_000-000	TOUUD-1		High main memory. Top of Upper Usable DRAM
TOUUD to 1024	4 GB – High MMI)	
TOUUD	1024 GB		High MMIO (64-bit MMIO)

^[1] legacy support is not validated by Intel

4.3. I/O Address Map

The I/O port addresses are functionally identical to a standard PC/AT. All addresses not mentioned in this table should be available. We recommend that you do not use I/O addresses below 0100h with additional hardware for compatibility reasons, even if the I/O address is available.

Table 23: Designated I/O Port Address Ranges

I/O Address Range	General Usage	Project Usage
(hex)		
020-021	Interrupt Controller (8259 PIC)	Interrupt Controller
024-025		
028-029		
02C-02D		
02E-02F	LPC	LPC
030-031	Interrupt Controller (8259 PIC)	Interrupt Controller
034-035		

I/O Address Range (hex)	General Usage	Project Usage
038-039	Interrupt Controller (8259 PIC)	
03C-03D		
040	Interrupt Timer (8252 Timer)	Timer/Counter
042-043		
04E-04F	LPC Controller	LPC Controller
050	Interrupt Timer (8252 Timer)	Timer/Counter
052-053		
060	PS2 Legacy Keyboard/ Mouse	PS2 Legacy Keyboard/ Mouse
061	NMI Controller	NMI Controller
062	LPC	LPC
063	NMI Controller	NMI Controller
064	PS2 Legacy Keyboard/ Mouse	PS2 Legacy Keyboard/ Mouse
065	NMI Controller	NMI Controller
066	LPC	LPC
067	NMI Controller	NMI Controller
070	CPU Interface, RTC, Power Management Controller	CPU Interface, RTC, Power Management Controller
071-077	RTC Controller	RTC Controller
080	LPC or PCIe Root Port	LPC or PCIe Root Port
084-086		
088		
08C-08E		
090	LPC	LPC
092	P2SB->ITSS CPU I/F	P2SB->ITSS CPU I/F
094-096	LPC	LPC
098		
09C-09E		
OAO-OA1	Interrupt Controller (8259 PIC)	Interrupt Controller
OA4- OA5		
0A8- 0A9		
OAC-OAD OBO- OB1		
0B0-0B1 0B2-0B3	Power Management SMI	Dower Management SMI
	Power Management SMI	Power Management SMI
OB4-OB5 OB8-OB9	Interrupt Controller (8259 PIC)	Interrupt Controller
OBC-OBD		
200-20F	LPC	LPC
220-22F		
238-23F		
278-27F		
2E8-2EF		
2F8-2FF		
2F8-2FF	COM2 (Fabric)	Serial Port COM2

I/O Address Range (hex)	General Usage	Project Usage
338-33F	LPC	LPC
370-375		
377-37F		
3B0-3B8	Can be routed to PCIe bridge whem BCTL.VGAE ser(fabric)	Can be routed to PCIe bridge whem BCTL.VGAE ser(fabric)
3BC-3BE	LPC	LPC
3CO-3DF	Routed to PCIe bridge (fabric)	Routed to PCIe bridge (fabric)
3E8-3F5	LPC	LPC
3F7-3FF		
3F8-3FF	COM1 (Fabric)	Serial Port COM1
4D0-4D1	Interrupt Controller (ITSS Interrupt)	Interrupt Controller
678-67F	LPC	LPC
778-77F		
7BC-7BE		
A80-A81	Kontron CPLD control + Data port	
CF8	Access to confiruration registers	PCI configuration address
CF9	Software generated reset	Reset control
CFC	Access to confiruration registers	PCI Configuration data



Other PCI device I/O addresses are allocated dynamically and not listed here. For more information on how to determine I/O address usage, refer to the OS documentation.

4.4. Peripheral Component Interconnect (PCI) Devices

All devices follow the Peripheral Component Interconnect 2.3 (PCI 2.3) and PCI Express Base 1.0a specification. The BIOS and Operating Software (OS) control the memory and I/O resources. For more information, refer to the PCI 2.3 specification.

4.5. I2C Bus

The 8-bit I2C address uses the Least Significant Bit (LSB) of the binary address to indicate whether the address is a read or write address:

- LSB = 0 defines a write
- LSB = 1 defines a read

The 8-bit addresses listed below show the write address for the device. The 7-bit I2C bus address shows the device address without LSB.

Table 24: I2C Bus Port Addresses

8-bit (hex)	7-bit (hex)	Devices	I2C Bus
Address	Address		
		Embedded controller FPGA	I2C_EXT
AO	50	COMe Module EEPROM	I2C_EXT
58	2C	5ECO Circuit	I2C_EXT
var.	var.	COMexpress connector	I2C_EXT
(AE)	(57)	(carrier EEprom)	I2C_EXT

4.6. System Management (SMBus)

The 8-bit SMBus address uses the LSB (Bit0) for the direction of the device.

- ▶ Bit0 = 0 defines the write address
- ▶ Bit0 = 1 defines the read address

The 8-bit addresses listed below shows the write address for all devices. The7-bit SMBus address shows the device address without Bit0.

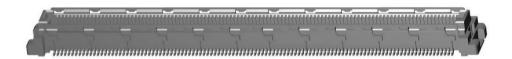
Table 25: SMBus Addresses

8-bit (hex) Address	7-bit (hex) Address	Device	SMBus
		SoC	SMB_LEG
AO	50	DDR4 SODIMM A	SMB_RAM
A4	52	DDR4 SODIMM B	SMB_RAM
A2	51	DDR4 SODIMM C	SMB_RAM
A6	53	DDR4 SODIMM D	SMB_RAM
var.	var.	XDP Connector	SMB_LEG
92	49	I210 GbE0 Controller	SMB_LEG
5C	2E	NCT7802Y HW Monitor	SMB_S0
var.	var.	COMexpress connector	SMB

5/ COMe Connector

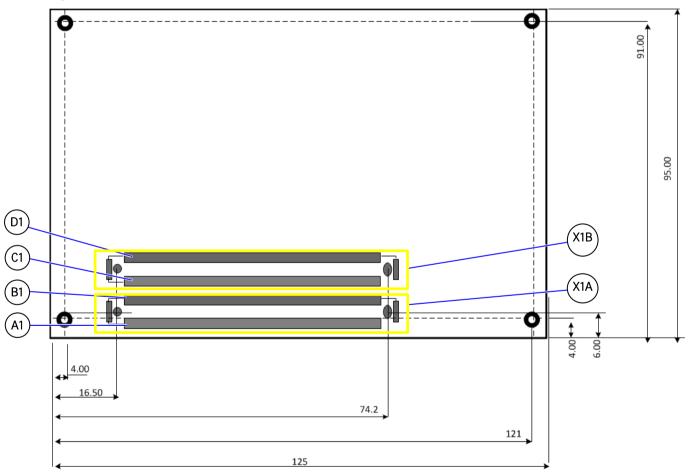
The COM Express® basic module containing two 220-pin connectors; each with two rows called row A & row B on the primary connector and row C & row D on the secondary connector.

Figure 10: COMe Connector with 220 pins



The following figure is a view from the bottom of the module showing the position of interface connectors X1A and indicating the location of pin A1, B1, C1 and D1.

Figure 11: X1A and X1B COMe Interface Connectors



5.1. X1A and X1B COMe Interface Connector Signals

For a description of the terms used within the pin assignment tables, see Table 26: General Signal Description below or Appendix A, List of Acronyms. If a more detailed pin assignment description is required, refer to the PICMG Specification COMe Rev 3.0 Type 7 standard.



The information provided under type, module terminations and comments is complimentary to the COM.O Rev 3.0 Type 7 standard. For more information, contact Kontron Support.

Table 26: General Signal Description

Туре	Description	Туре	Description
NC	Not Connected (on this product)	0-1,8	1.8 V Output
1/0-3,3	Bi-directional 3.3 V I/O-Signal	0-3,3	3.3 V Output
I/O-5T	Bi-dir. 3.3 V I/O (5 V Tolerance)	O-5	5 V Output
1/0-5	Bi-directional 5V I/O-Signal	DP-I/O	Differential Pair Input/Output
I-3,3	3.3 V Input	DP-I	Differential Pair Input
I/OD	Bi-directional Input/Output Open Drain	DP-O	Differential Pair Output
I-5T	3.3 V Input (5 V Tolerance)	PU	Pull-up Resistor
OA	Output Analog	PWR	Power Connection
OD	Output Open Drain	+ and -	Differential Pair



To protect external power lines of peripheral devices, make sure that the wires have the right diameter to withstand the maximum available current.

The enclosure of the peripheral device fulfills the fire-protection requirements of IEC/EN60950.

5.2. COMe Connector (X1A and X1B) Pin Assignment

The following tables list the pin assignment of the two 220-pin connectors and both rows.

- Table 27: X1A Connector Pin Assignment Row (A1-A110)
- Table 28: X1A Connector Pin Assignment Row (B1-B110)
- Table 29: X1B Connector Pin Assignment Row (C1-C110)
- Table 30: X1B Connector Pin Assignment Row (D1-D110)

5.2.1. Connector X1A Row A1 - A110

Table 27: X1A Connector Pin Assignment Row (A1-A110)

Pin	COMe Signal	Description	Туре	Termination	Comment
A1	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
A2	GBEO_MDI3-	Ethernet Media Dependent Interface 3 -	DP-I/O		
A3	GBEO_MDI3+	Ethernet Media Dependent Interface 3 +			
A4	GBEO_LINK100#	Ethernet Speed LED	OD		
A5	GBEO_LINK1000#	Ethernet Speed LED	OD		
A6	GBEO_MDI2-	Ethernet Media Dependent Interface 2 -	DP-I/O		
A7	GBE0_MDI2+	Ethernet Media Dependent Interface 2 +			
A8	GBEO_LINK#	LAN Link LED	OD		
A9	GBEO_MDI1-	Ethernet Media Dependent Interface 1 -	DP-I/O		
A10	GBEO_MDI1+	Ethernet Media Dependent Interface 1 +			
A11	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
A12	GBEO_MDIO-	Ethernet Media Dependent Interface 0 -	DP-I/O		
A13	GBEO_MDIO+	Ethernet Media Dependent Interface 0 +			
A14	GBEO_CTREF	Center Tab Reference Voltage	REF		1 μF/25 V
A15	SUS_S3#	Suspend To RAM (or deeper) Indicator	0-3.3		
A16	SATAO_TX+	SATA Transmit Pair 0 +	DP-O	AC Coupled on	
A17	SATAO_TX-	SATA Transmit Pair 0 -		Module	
A18	SUS_S4#	Suspend To Disk (or deeper) Indicator	0-3.3		
A19	SATAO_RX+	SATA Receive Pair 0 +	DP-I	AC Coupled on	
A20	SATAO_RX-	SATA Receive Pair 0 -		Module	
A21	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
A22	PCIE_TX15+	PCI Express Lane 15 Transmit +	DP-O	AC Coupled on	
A23	PCIE_TX15-	PCI Express Lane 15 Transmit -		Module	
A24	SUS_S5#	Soft Off Indicator	O-3.3		
A25	PCIE_TX14+	PCI Express Lane 14 Transmit +	DP-O	AC Coupled on	
A26	PCIE_TX14-	PCI Express Lane 14 Transmit -		Module	
A27	BATLOW#	Battery Low	I-3.3	PU 10k 3.3V (S5)	Assertion prevents wake from S3-S5 state
A28	ATA_ACT#	Serial ATA activity LED	1/0-3.3	PU 10k 3.3V (S0)	Can sink 15 mA
A29	RSVD	Reserved for future use	NC		
A30	RSVD	Reserved for future use	NC		
A31	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
A32	RSVD	Reserved for future use	NC		
A33	RSVD	Reserved for future use	NC		
A34	BIOS_DISO#/ESPI_S AFS	BIOS Selection Strap 0	I-3.3	PU 10k 3.3V (S5)	
A35	THRMTRIP#	Thermal Trip	0-3.3		Thermal trip event transition to S5 indicator
A36	PCIE_TX13+	PCI Express Lane 13 Transmit +	NC		
A37	PCIE_TX13-	PCI Express Lane 13 Transmit -	NC		
A38	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
A39	PCIE_TX12+	PCI Express Lane 12 Transmit +	NC		
A40	PCIE_TX12-	PCI Express Lane 12 Transmit -	NC		
A41	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
A42	USB2-	USB 2.0 Data Pair Port 2 –	DP-I/O		
A43	USB2+	USB 2.0 Data Pair Port 2 +			
A44	USB_2_3_0C#	USB Overcurrent Indicator Port 2/3	I-3.3	PU 10k 3.3V (S5)	

Pin	COMe Signal	Description	Туре	Termination	Comment
A45	USB0-	USB 2.0 Data Pair Port 0 –	DP-I/O		
A46	USB0+	USB 2.0 Data Pair Port 0 +			
A47	VCC_RTC	Real-Time Clock Circuit Power Input	PWR 3 V		Voltage range 2.0 V to 3.3 V (3.0 V Nominal)
A48	RSVD	Reserved for future use	nc		
A49	GBEO_SDP	Gigabit Eth. Controller O Software-Definable Pin.	I/O-3.3 (S5)		
A50	LPC_SERIRQ/ESPI_C S1#	Serial Interrupt Request	I/OD-3.3	PU 8k2 3.3V (S0)	
A51	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
A52	PCIE_TX5+	PCI Express Lane 5 Transmit +	DP-O	AC Coupled on	
A53	PCIE_TX5-	PCI Express Lane 5 Transmit -		Module	
A54	GPI0	General Purpose Input 0	I-3.3	PU 100k 3.3V (S0)	
A55	PCIE_TX4+	PCI Express Lane 4 Transmit +	DP-0	AC Coupled on	
A56	PCIE_TX4-	PCI Express Lane 4 Transmit -		Module	
A57	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
A58	PCIE_TX3+	PCI Express Lane 3 Transmit +	DP-0	AC Coupled on	
A59	PCIE_TX3-	PCI Express Lane 3 Transmit -		Module	
A60	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
A61	PCIE_TX2+	PCI Express Lane 2 Transmit +	DP-0	AC Coupled on	
A62	PCIE_TX2-	PCI Express Lane 2 Transmit -		Module	
A63	GPI1	General Purpose Input 1	I-3.3	PU 100k 3.3 V (S0)	
A64	PCIE_TX1+	PCI Express Lane 1 Transmit +	DP-0	AC Coupled on	
A65	PCIE_TX1-	PCI Express Lane 1 Transmit -		Module	
A66	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
A67	GPI2	General Purpose Input 2	I-3.3	PU 100k 3.3V (S0)	
A68	PCIE_TX0+	PCI Express Lane 0 Transmit +	DP-O	AC Coupled on	
A69	PCIE_TX0-	PCI Express Lane 0 Transmit -		Module	
A70	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
A71	PCIE_TX8+	PCI Express Lane 8 Transmit +	DP-0	AC Coupled on	
A72	PCIE_TX8-	PCI Express Lane 8 Transmit -		Module	
A73	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
A74	PCIE_TX9+	PCI Express Lane 9 Transmit +	DP-O	AC Coupled on	
A75	PCIE_TX9-	PCI Express Lane 9 Transmit -	DP-O	Module	
A76	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
A77	PCIE_TX10+	PCI Express Lane 10 Transmit +	DP-O	AC Coupled on	
A78	PCIE_TX10-	PCI Express Lane 10 Transmit -	DP-O	Module	
A79	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
A80	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
A81	PCIE_TX11+	PCI Express Lane 11 Transmit +	DP-O	AC Coupled on	
A82	PCIE_TX11-	PCI Express Lane 11 Transmit -		Module	
A83	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
A84	NCSI_TX_EN	NC-SI Transmit enable	I-3.3 (S5)	PD 10k	
A85	GPI3	General Purpose Input 3	I-3.3	PU 100k 3.3V (S0)	
A86	RSVD	Reserved for future use	N		
A87	RSVD	Reserved for future use	NC		
A88	PCIE_CK_REF+	Reference PCI Express Clock +	DP-O		100 MHz
A89	PCIE_CK_REF-	Reference PCI Express Clock -			
A90	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
A91	SPI_POWER	3.3V Power Output Pin for external SPI flash	0-3.3		100 mA maximum

Pin	COMe Signal	Description	Туре	Termination	Comment
A92	SPI_MISO	SPI Master IN Slave OUT	I-3.3	0 R	
A93	GP00	General Purpose Output 0	0-3.3	PD 100k	
A94	SPI_CLK	SPI Clock	0-3.3	0 R	
A95	SPI_MOSI	SPI Master Out Slave In	0-3.3	0 R	
A96	TPM_PP	TPM Physical Presence	I-3.3	PD 10k	
A97	TYPE10#	Indicates TYPE10# to carrier board	nc		
A98	SERO_TX	Serial Port 0 TXD	0-3.3		20 V protection circuit implemented on-module, PD on carrier board needed for proper operation.
A99	SERO_RX	Serial Port 0 RXD	I-5T	PU 10k	20 V protection circuit implemented on-module.
A100	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
A101	SER1_TX	Serial Port 1 TXD	0-3.3		20 V protection circuit implemented on-module, PD on carrier board needed for proper operation.
A102	SER1_RX	Serial Port 1 RXD	I-5T	PU 10k	20 V protection circuit
A103	LID#	LID Switch Input	I-3.3	PU 47k 3.3V (S5)	implemented on-module.
A104	VCC_12V	Main Input Voltage	PWR		
A105	VCC_12V				
A106	VCC_12V				
A107	VCC_12V				
A108	VCC_12V				
A109	VCC_12V				
A110	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		

5.2.2. Connector X1A Row B1 - B100

Table 28: X1A Connector Pin Assignment Row (B1-B110)

Pin	COMe Signal	Description	Туре	Termination	Comment
B1	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND	remination	Comment
B2	GBEO_ACT#	Ethernet Activity LED	OD		
B3	LPC_FRAME#/ESPI_	LPC Frame Indicator	0-3.3		
53	CSO#	El cirame indicator	0-3.3		
B4	LPC_ADO/ESPI_IO_0	LPC Multiplexed Command, Address & Data 0	1/0-3.3		
B5	LPC_AD1/ESPI_IO_1	LPC Multiplexed Command, Address & Data 1			
В6	LPC_AD2/ESPI_IO_2	LPC Multiplexed Command, Address & Data 2			
В7	LPC_AD3/ESPI_IO_3	LPC Multiplexed Command, Address & Data 3			
B8	LPC_DRQO#/ESPI_A LERTO#	LPC Serial DMA/Master Request 0	NC		Not supported
В9	LPC_DRQ1#/ESPI_AL ERT1#	LPC Serial DMA/Master Request 1	NC		Not supported
B10	LPC_CLK/ESPI_CK	24MHz LPC clock	O-3.3		24MHz (LPC clock generated from Soc)
B11	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
B12	PWRBTN#	Power Button	I-3.3	PU 10k 3.3V (S5eco)	
B13	SMB_CK	SMBUS Clock	O-3.3	PU 2k2 3.3V (S5)	
B14	SMB_DAT	SMBUS Data	1/0-3.3	PU 2k2 3.3V (S5)	
B15	SMB_ALERT#	SMBUS Alert	1/0-3.3	PU 2k2 3.3V (S5)	
B16	SATA1_TX+	SATA 1 Transmit Pair +	DP-0	AC Coupled on	
B17	SATA1_TX-	SATA 1 Transmit Pair -		Module	
B18	SUS_STAT#	Suspend Status	0-3.3		
B19	SATA1_RX+	SATA 1 Receive Pair +	DP-I	AC Coupled on	
B20	SATA1_RX-	SATA 1 Receive Pair -		Module	
B21	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
B22	PCIE_RX15+	PCI Express Lane 15 Receive +	DP-I		
B23	PCIE_RX15-	PCI Express Lane 15 Receive -			
B24	PWR_OK	Power OK	I-3.3	PU 1.1M (S5)	
B25	PCIE_TX14+	PCI Express Lane 14 Receive +	DP-I		
B26	PCIE_TX14-	PCI Express Lane 14 Receive -			
B27	WDT	Watch Dog Time-Out event	O-3.3	PD 10K	
B28	RSVD	Reserved for future use	NC		
B29	RSVD	Reserved for future use			
B30	RSVD	Reserved for future use			
B31	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
B32	SPKR	Speaker	NC		
B33	I2C_CK	I2C Clock	O-3.3	PU 2k2 3.3V (S5)	
B34	I2C_DAT	I2C Data	1/0-3.3	PU 2k2 3.3V (S5)	
B35	THRM#	Over Temperature Input	I-3.3	PU 10k 3.3V	
B36	PCIE_RX13+	PCI Express Lane 13 Receive +	DP-I		
B37	PCIE_RX13-	PCI Express Lane 13 Receive -			
B38	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
B39	PCIE_RX12+	PCI Express Lane 12 Receive +	DP-I		
B40	PCIE_RX12-	PCI Express Lane 12 Receive -			
B41	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		

Pin	COMe Signal	Description	Туре	Termination	Comment
B42	USB3-	USB 2.0 Data Pair Port 3 –	DP-I/O		
B43	USB3+	USB 2.0 Data Pair Port 3 +			
B44	USB_0_1_0C#	USB Overcurrent Indicator Port 0/1	I-3.3	PU 10k 3.3V (S5)	
B45	USB1-	USB 2.0 Data Pair Port 1 –	DP-I/O		
B46	USB1+	USB 2.0 Data Pair Port 1 +			
B47	ESPI_EN#	LPC/eSPI mode selection	NC	PU 20K (S5)	Not supported
B48	USBO_HOST_PRSNT	USB host presence on USBO	NC	PU 20K (S5)	Not supported
B49	SYS_RESET#	Reset Button Input	I-3.3	PU 10k 3.3V (S5)	
B50	CB_RESET#	Carrier Board Reset	0-3.3		
B51	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
352	PCIE_RX5+	PCI Express Lane 5 Receive +	DP-I		
353	PCIE_RX5-	PCI Express Lane 5 Receive -			
354	GPO1	General Purpose Output 1	0-3.3	PD 100k	
B55	PCIE_RX4+	PCI Express Lane 4 Receive +	DP-I		
356	PCIE_RX4-	PCI Express Lane 4 Receive -			
B57	GPO2	General Purpose Output 2	0-3.3	PD 100k	
B58	PCIE_RX3+	PCI Express Lane 3 Receive +	DP-I		
B59	PCIE_RX3-	PCI Express Lane 3 Receive -			
B60	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
361	PCIE_RX2+	PCI Express Lane 2 Receive +	DP-I		
362	PCIE_RX2-	PCI Express Lane 2 Receive -			
363	GPO3	General Purpose Output 3	0-3.3	PD 100k	
364	PCIE_RX1+	PCI Express Lane 1 Receive +	DP-I		
B65	PCIE_RX1-	PCI Express Lane 1 Receive -			
B66	WAKEO#	PCI Express Wake Up Event	I-3.3	PU 10k 3.3V (S5)	
B67	WAKE1#	General Purpose Wake Up Event	I-3.3	PU 10k 3.3V (S5)	
B68	PCIE_RXO+	PCI Express Lane 0 Receive +	DP-I		
B69	PCIE_RXO-	PCI Express Lane 0 Receive -			
B70	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
B71	PCIE_RX8+	PCI Express Lane 8 Receive +	DP-I		
372	PCIE_RX8-	PCI Express Lane 8 Receive -	DP-I		
373	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
374	PCIE_RX9+	PCI Express Lane 9 Receive +	DP-I		
B75	PCIE_RX9-	PCI Express Lane 9 Receive -	DP-I		
B76	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
377	PCIE_RX10+	PCI Express Lane 10 Receive +	DP-I		
B78	PCIE_RX10-	PCI Express Lane 10 Receive -	DP-I		
B79	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
B80	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND	1	
B81	PCIE_RX11+	PCI Express Lane 11 Receive +	DP-I		
B82	PCIE_RX11-	PCI Express Lane 11 Receive -	DP-I		
383	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
B84	VCC_5V_SBY	5V Standby	PWR 5V (S5)		optional (not necessary in
B85	VCC_5V_SBY	5V Standby			single supply mode)
B86	VCC_5V_SBY	5V Standby			
B87	VCC_5V_SBY	5V Standby			
B88	BIOS_DIS1#	BIOS Selection Strap 1	I-3.3	PU 10k 3.3V (S5)	
B89	NCSI_RX_ER	NC-SI Receive error	NC	PD 10K	Optional signal and not used.

Pin	COMe Signal	Description	Туре	Termination	Comment
B90	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
B91	NCSI_CLK_IN	NC-SI Clock	I-3.3	PD 10k	
B92	NCSI_RXD1	NC-SI Receive Data	0-3.3		
B93	NCSI_RXD0	NC-SI Receive Data	O-3.3		
B94	NCSI_CRS_DV	NC-SI Carrier Sense/Receive Data Valid	0-3.3		
B95	NCSI_TXD1	NC-SI Transmit Data	I-3.3	PD 10k	
B96	NCSI_TXD0	NC-SI Transmit Data	I-3.3	PD 10k	
B97	SPI_CS#	SPI Chip Select	0-3.3		
B98	NCSI_ARB_IN	NC-SI hardware arbitration input	I-3.3	PU 10k (S5)	
B99	NCSI_ARB_OUT	NC-SI hardware arbitration output	0-3.3		
B100	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
B101	FAN_PWMOUT	Fan PWM Output	0-3.3		20V protection circuit implemented on module, PD on carrier board needed for proper operation
B102	FAN_TACHIN	Fan Tach Input	1-3.3	PU 47k 3.3V (S0)	20V protection circuit implemented on module
B103	SLEEP#	Sleep Button Input	I-3.3	PU 47k 3.3V (S5)	20V protection circuit implemented on module
B104	VCC_12V	Main Input Voltage	PWR		
B105	VCC_12V				
B106	VCC_12V				
B107	VCC_12V				
B108	VCC_12V				
B109	VCC_12V				
B110	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		

5.2.3. Connector X1B Row C1 - C110

Table 29: X1B Connector Pin Assignment Row (C1-C110)

Pin	COMe Signal	Description	Туре	Termination	Comment
C1	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
C2	GND				
C3	USB_SSRX0-	USB Super Speed Receive – (0)	DP-I		
C4	USB_SSRX0+	USB Super Speed Receive + (0)			
C5	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
C6	USB_SSRX1-	USB Super Speed Receive – (1)	DP-I		
C7	USB_SSRX1+	USB Super Speed Receive + (1)	1		
C8	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
С9	USB_SSRX2-	USB Super Speed Receive – (2)	DP-I		
C10	USB_SSRX2+	USB Super Speed Receive + (2)			
C11	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
C12	USB_SSRX3-	USB Super Speed Receive – (3)	DP-I		
C13	USB_SSRX3+	USB Super Speed Receive + (3)	1		
C14	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
C15	10G_PHY_MDC_SCL3	Management I2C Clock for external PHY	O/OD-3.3	PU 2k2 3.3V	
C16	10G_PHY_MDC_SCL2	Management I2C Clock for external PHY	1	(S5)	
C17	10G_SDP2	Software-Definable Pin	1/0-3.3		
C18	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
C19	PCIE RX6+	PCI Express Lane 6 Receive +	DP-I		
C20	PCIE_RX6-	PCI Express Lane 6 Receive -	-		
C21	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
C22	PCIE_RX7+	PCI Express Lane 7 Receive +	DP-I		
C23	PCIE_RX7-	PCI Express Lane 7 Receive -			
C24	10G_INT2	Interrupt From copper PHY or optical SFP	I-3.3	PU 2k2 3.3V	
C24	106_11112	Module	1-3.3	(S5)	
C25	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
C26	10G_KR_RX3+	10GBASE-KR receive differential pair +	DP-I	AC Coupled on	
C27	10G_KR_RX3-	10GBASE-KR receive differential pair -	1	Module	
C28	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
C29	10G_KR_RX2+	10GBASE-KR receive differential pair +	DP-I	AC Coupled on	
C30	10G_KR_RX2-	10GBASE-KR receive differential pair -		Module	
C31	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
C32	10G_SFP_SDA3	Management I2C Data for optical SFP Module	1/0-3.3	PU 2k2 3.3V	
C33	10G_SFP_SDA2	Management I2C Data for optical SFP Module	1	(S5)	
C34	10G_PHY_RST_23	Reset of optical PHY on ports 2 and 3	0-3.3		
C35	10G_PHY_RST_01	Reset of optical PHY on ports 0 and 1	1		
C36	10G_LED_SDA	I2C Data to transfer LED signals or MDIO of opt. PHY	1/0-3.3	PU 2k2 3.3V (S5)	
C37	10G_LED_SCL	I2C Clock to transfer LED signals or MDIO of opt. PHY	O-3.3	PU 2k2 3.3V (S5)	
C38	10G_SFP_SDA1	Management I2C Data for optical SFP Module	1/0-3.3	PU 2k2 3.3V (S5)	
C39	10G_SFP_SDA0	Management I2C Data for optical SFP Module	1/0-3.3	PU 2k2 3.3V (S5)	
C40	10G_SDP0	Software-Definable Pin	1/0-3.3		
C41	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
C42	10G_KR_RX1+	10GBASE-KR receive differential pair +	DP-I	AC Coupled on	
C43	10G_KR_RX1-	10GBASE-KR receive differential pair +	1	Module	
C44	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		

Pin	COMe Signal	Description	Туре	Termination	Comment
C45	10G_PHY_MDC_SCL1	Management I2C Clock for external PHY	O/OD-3.3	PU 2k2 3.3V	
C46	10G_PHY_MDC_SCL0	Management I2C Clock for external PHY		(S5)	
C47	10G_INTO	Interrupt From copper PHY or optical SFP Module	I-3.3	PU 2k2 3.3V (S5)	
C48	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
C49	10G_KR_RX0+	10GBASE-KR receive differential pair +	DP-I	AC Coupled on	
C50	10G_KR_RX0-	10GBASE-KR receive differential pair +		Module	
C51	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
C52	PCIE_RX16+	PCI Express Lane 16 Receive +	DP-I		
C53	PCIE_RX16-	PCI Express Lane 16 Receive -			
C54	TYPEO#	GND for type 7 module	GND		
C55	PCIE_RX17+	PCI Express Lane 17 Receive +	DP-I		
C56	PCIE_RX17-	PCI Express Lane 17 Receive -			
C57	TYPE1#	NC for type 7 module	NC		
C58	PCIE_RX18+	PCI Express Lane 18 Receive +	DP-I		
C59	PCIE_RX18-	PCI Express Lane 18 Receive -			
C60	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
C61	PCIE_RX19+	PCI Express Lane 19 Receive +	DP-I		
C62	PCIE_RX19-	PCI Express Lane 19 Receive -			
C63	RSVD	Reserved for future use	NC		
C64	RSVD	Reserved for future use			
C65	PCIE_RX20+	PCI Express Lane 20 Receive +	DP-I		
C66	PCIE_RX20-	PCI Express Lane 20 Receive -			
C67	RAPID_SHUTDOWN	Trigger for Rapid Shutdown	I-5.0	PD 100K	
C68	PCIE_RX21+	PCI Express Lane 21 Receive +	DP-I		
C69	PCIE_RX21-	PCI Express Lane 21 Receive -			
C70	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
C71	PCIE_RX22+	PCI Express Lane 22 Receive +	DP-I		
C72	PCIE_RX22-	PCI Express Lane 22 Receive -			
C73	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
C74	PCIE_RX23+	PCI Express Lane 23 Receive +	DP-I		
C75	PCIE_RX23-	PCI Express Lane 23 Receive -			
C76	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
C77	RSVD	Reserved for future use	NC		
C78	PCIE_RX24+	PCI Express Lane 24 Receive +	DP-I		
C79	PCIE_RX24-	PCI Express Lane 24 Receive -			
C80	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
C81	PCIE_RX25+	PCI Express Lane 25 Receive +	DP-I		
C82	PCIE_RX25-	PCI Express Lane 25 Receive -	DP-I		
C83	RSVD	Reserved for future use	NC		
C84	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
C85	PCIE_RX26+	PCI Express Lane 26 Receive +	DP-I		
C86	PCIE_RX26-	PCI Express Lane 26 Receive -			
C87	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
C88	PCIE_RX27+	PCI Express Lane 27 Receive +	DP-I		
C89	PCIE_RX27-	PCI Express Lane 27 Receive -			
C90	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
C91	PCIE_RX28+	PCI Express Lane 28 Receive +	DP-I		
C92	PCIE_RX28-	PCI Express Lane 28 Receive -			
C93	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
C94	PCIE_RX29+	PCI Express Lane 29 Receive +	DP-I		
C95	PCIE_RX29-	PCI Express Lane 29 Receive -			

Pin	COMe Signal	Description	Туре	Termination	Comment
C96	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
C97	RSVD	Reserved for future use	NC		
C98	PCIE_RX30+	PCI Express Lane 30 Receive +	DP-I		
C99	PCIE_RX30-	PCI Express Lane 30 Receive -			
C100	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
C101	PCIE_RX31+	PCI Express Lane 31 Receive +	DP-I		
C102	PCIE_RX31-	PCI Express Lane 31 Receive -			
C103	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
C104	VCC_12V	Main Input Voltage	PWR		
C105	VCC_12V				
C106	VCC_12V				
C107	VCC_12V				
C108	VCC_12V				
C109	VCC_12V				
C110	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		

5.2.4. Connector X1B Row D1 - D110

Table 30: X1B Connector Pin Assignment Row (D1-D110)

Pin	COMe Signal	Description	Туре	Termination	Comment
D1	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
D2	GND	Power Ground	1		
D3	USB_SSTX0-	USB Super Speed Transmit - (0)	DP-0		
D4	USB_SSTX0+	USB Super Speed Transmit + (0)			
D5	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
D6	USB_SSTX1-	USB Super Speed Transmit – (1)	DP-0		
D7	USB_SSTX1+	USB Super Speed Transmit + (1)	1		
D8	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
D9	USB_SSTX2-	USB Super Speed Transmit - (2)	DP-0		
D10	USB_SSTX2+	USB Super Speed Transmit + (2)	1		
D11	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
D12	USB_SSTX3-	USB Super Speed Transmit - (3)	DP-0		
D13	USB_SSTX3+	USB Super Speed Transmit + (3)			
D14	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
D15	10G_PHY_MDIO_SDA3	Management I2C Data for external PHY	1/0-3.3	PU 2k2 3.3V	
D16	10G_PHY_MDIO_SDA2	Management I2C Data for external PHY		(S5)	
D17	10G_SDP3	Software-Definable Pin	1/0-3.3		
D18	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
D19	PCIE_TX6+	PCI Express Lane 6 Transmit +	DP-0	AC Coupled on	
D20	PCIE_TX6-	PCI Express Lane 6 Transmit -		Module	
D21	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
D22	PCIE_TX7+	PCI Express Lane 7 Transmit +	DP-0	AC Coupled on Module	
D23	PCIE_TX7-	PCI Express Lane 7 Transmit -			
D24	10G_INT3	Interrupt From copper PHY or optical SFP Module	I-3.3	PU 2k2 3.3V (S5)	
D25	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
D26	10G_KR_TX3+	10GBASE-KR transmit differential pair +	DP-0		
D27	10G_KR_TX3-	10GBASE-KR transmit differential pair -			
D28	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
D29	10G_KR_TX2+	10GBASE-KR transmit differential pair +	DP-0		
D30	10G_KR_TX2-	10GBASE-KR transmit differential pair -			
D31	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
D32	10G_SFP_SCL3	Management I2C Clock for optical SFP Module	1/0-3.3	PU 2k2 3.3V	
D33	10G_SFP_SCL2	Management I2C Clock for optical SFP Module		(S5)	
D34	10G_PHY_CAP_23	PHY on ports 2 and 3 mode capability – I2C or MDIO	I-3.3 PU 10k 3.3V (S5)		
D35	10G_PHY_CAP_01	PHY on ports 0 and 1 mode capability – I2C or MDIO	I-3.3		
D36	RSVD	Reserved for future use	NC		
D37	RSVD	Reserved for future use			
D38	10G_SFP_SCL1	Management I2C Clock for optical SFP Module	1/0-3.3	PU 2k2 3.3V (S5)	
D39	10G_SFP_SCL0	Management I2C Clock for optical SFP Module	1/0-3.3	PU 2k2 3.3V (S5)	
D40	10G_SDP1	Software-Definable Pin	1/0-3.3		
D41	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
D42	10G_KR_TX1+	10GBASE-KR transmit differential pair +	DP-0		
D43	10G_KR_TX1-	10GBASE-KR transmit differential pair -	1		
D44	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		

Pin	COMe Signal	Description	Туре	Termination	Comment
D45	10G_PHY_MDIO_SDA1	Management I2C Data for external PHY	1/0-3.3	PU 2k2 3.3V	COMMINGIN
		, and the second		(S5)	
D46	10G_PHY_MDIO_SDA0	Management I2C Data for external PHY	1/0-3.3	PU 2k2 3.3V (S5)	
D47	10G_INT1	Interrupt From copper PHY or optical SFP Module	I-3.3	PU 2k2 3.3V (S5)	
D48	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
D49	10G_KR_TX0+	10GBASE-KR transmit differential pair +	DP-0		
D50	10G_KR_TX0-	10GBASE-KR transmit differential pair			
D51	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
D52	PCIE_TX16+	PCI Express Lane 16 Transmit +	DP-O	AC Coupled on	
D53	PCIE_TX16-	PCI Express Lane 16 Transmit -		Module	
D54	RSVD	Reserved for future use	NC		
D55	PCIE_TX17+	PCI Express Lane 17 Transmit +	DP-O	AC Coupled on	
D56	PCIE_TX17-	PCI Express Lane 17 Transmit -		Module	
D57	TYPE2#	GND for type 7 module	GND		
D58	PCIE_TX18+	PCI Express Lane 18 Transmit +	DP-0	AC Coupled on	
D59	PCIE_TX18-	PCI Express Lane 18 Transmit -		Module	
D60	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
D61	PCIE_TX19+	PCI Express Lane 19 Transmit +	DP-O	AC Coupled on	
D62	PCIE_TX19-	PCI Express Lane 19 Transmit -		Module	
D63	RSVD	Reserved for future use	NC		
D64	RSVD	Reserved for future use			
D65	PCIE_TX20+	PCI Express Lane 20 Transmit +	DP-O	AC Coupled on Module	
D66	PCIE_TX20-	PCI Express Lane 20 Transmit -			
D67	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
D68	PCIE_TX21+	PCI Express Lane 21 Transmit +	DP-O	AC Coupled on	
D69	PCIE_TX21-	PCI Express Lane 21 Transmit -		Module	
D70	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
D71	PCIE_TX22+	PCI Express Lane 22 Transmit +	DP-O	AC Coupled on	
D72	PCIE_TX22-	PCI Express Lane 22 Transmit -		Module	
D73	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
D74	PCIE_TX23+	PCI Express Lane 23 Transmit +	DP-O	AC Coupled on	
D75	PCIE_TX23-	PCI Express Lane 23 Transmit -		Module	
D76	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
D77	RSVD	Reserved for future use	NC		
D78	PCIE_TX24+	PCI Express Lane 24 Transmit +	DP-0	AC Coupled on	
D79	PCIE_TX24-	PCI Express Lane 24 Transmit -		Module	
D80	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
D81	PCIE_TX25+	PCI Express Lane 25 Transmit + DP-0		AC Coupled on	
D82	PCIE_TX25-	PCI Express Lane 25 Transmit -		Module	
D83	RSVD	Reserved for future use	NC		
D84	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
D85	PCIE_TX26+	PCI Express Lane 26 Transmit + DP-0		AC Coupled on	
D86	PCIE_TX26-	·		Module	
D87	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
D88	PCIE_TX27+	PCI Express Lane 27 Transmit +	DP-O	AC Coupled on	
D89	PCIE_TX27-	PCI Express Lane 27 Transmit -		Module	
D90	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
D91	PCIE_TX28+	PCI Express Lane 28 Transmit +	DP-0	AC Coupled on	
D92	PCIE_TX28-	PCI Express Lane 28 Transmit -		Module	
D93	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
	<u> </u>	I .	1	1	I .

Pin	COMe Signal	Description	Туре	Termination	Comment
D94	PCIE_TX29+	PCI Express Lane 29 Transmit +	DP-O	AC Coupled on	
D95	PCIE_TX29-	PCI Express Lane 29 Transmit -		Module	
D96	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
D97	RSVD	Reserved for future use	NC		
D98	PCIE_TX30+	PCI Express Lane 30 Transmit +	DP-0	AC Coupled on Module	
D99	PCIE_TX30-	PCI Express Lane 30 Transmit -			
D100	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
D101	PCIE_TX31+	PCI Express Lane 31 Transmit +		AC Coupled on	
D102	PCIE_TX31-	PCI Express Lane 31 Transmit -		Module	
D103	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		
D104	VCC_12V	Main Input Voltage	PWR		
D105	VCC_12V				
D106	VCC_12V				
D107	VCC_12V				
D108	VCC_12V				
D109	VCC_12V				
D110	GND	Power Ground	PWR GND		

6/uFFIBIOS

6.1. Starting the uEFI BIOS

Due to export control classification for the COMe-bDV7 the default BIOS has following features disabled:



- Intel AES-NI Encryption/Decryption
- Intel QuickAssist Technology

Contact your local Kontron sales or support for custom BIOS variants supporting the disabled features.

The COMe-bDV7 uses a Kontron-customized, pre-installed and configured version AMI UEFI BIOS Aptio ® V based on the Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (uEFI) specification and the Intel® Platform Innovation Framework for EFI. The uEFI BIOS provides a variety of new and enhanced functions specifically tailored to the hardware features of the COMe-bDV7.



The BIOS version covered in this document might not be the latest version. The latest version might have certain differences to the BIOS options and features described in this chapter.



Register for the Kontron's <u>Customer Section</u> to access BIOS downloads and the Product Change Notification (PCN) service.

The uEFI BIOS comes with a setup program that provides quick and easy access to the individual function settings for control or modification of the uEFI BIOS configuration. The setup program allows for access to various menus that provide functions or access to sub-menus with further specific functions of their own.

To start the uEFI BIOS setup program, follow the steps below:

- 1. Power on the board.
- 2. Wait until the first characters appear on the screen (POST messages or splash screen).
- 3. Press the key.

If the uEFI BIOS is password-protected, a request for password will appear. Enter either the User Password or the Supervisor Password (see Chapter 6.2.4: Security Menu), press <RETURN>, and proceed with step 5.

4. A setup menu appears.

The COMe-bDV7 uEFI BIOS setup program uses a hot key navigation system. The hot key legend bar is located at the bottom of the setup screens. The following table provides a list of navigation hot keys available in the legend bar.

Table 31: Navigation Hot Keys Available in the Legend Bar

Sub-screen	Description	
<f1></f1>	<f1> key invokes the General Help window</f1>	
<->	<minus> key selects the next lower value within a field</minus>	
<+>	<plus> key selects the next higher value within a field</plus>	
<f2></f2>	<f2> key loads previous values</f2>	
<f3></f3>	<f3> key loads optimized defaults</f3>	
<f4></f4>	<f4> key Saves and Exits</f4>	
<->> Or <->	<left right=""> arrows selects major setup menus on menu bar, for example, Main or Advanced</left>	

< \(> Or < \(\) >	<up down=""> arrows select fields in the current menu, for example, setup function or sub-screen</up>	
<esc></esc>	<esc> key exits a major setup menu and enters the Exit setup menu</esc>	
	Pressing the <esc> key in a sub-menu displays the next higher menu level</esc>	
<return></return>	<return> key executes a command or selects a submenu</return>	

6.2. Setup Menus

The Setup utility features a selection bar at the top of the screen that lists the menus.

Figure 12: Setup Menu Selection Bar

```
Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2018 American Megatrends, Inc.

Main Advanced IntelRCSetup Security Boot Save & Exit
```

The setup menus available for the COMe-bDV7 are:

- Main
- Advanced
- IntelRCSetup
- Security
- Boot
- Save & Exit

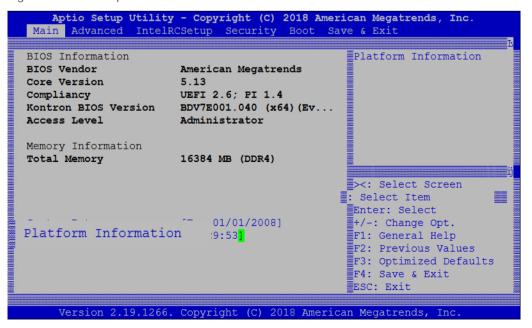
The currently active menu and the currently active uEFI BIOS setup item are highlighted in white. Use the left and right arrow keys to select the setup menus.

Each setup menu provides two main frames. The left frame displays all available functions. Configurable functions are displayed in blue. Functions displayed in grey provide information about the status or the operational configuration. The right frame displays a Help window providing an explanation of the respective function.

6.2.1. Main Menu

On entering the uEFI BIOS, the setup program displays the Main setup menu that lists basic system information.

Figure 13: Main Setup Menu



The following table shows Main sub-screens and functions, and describes the content. Default settings are in **bold**.

Table 32: Main Setup Menu Functions

Sub-Screen	Description
BIOS	Read only field
Information	BIOS Vendor, Core Version, Compliancy, Kontron BIOS version, Access Level
Memory	Read only field
Information	Total memory
Platform	Read only field
Information	Include information about the platform such as Product Name, revision, Serial #, MAC
	Address, Boot Counter, CPLD Rev
System Date	Displays the system date
	[Week Day mm/dd/yyyy]
System Time	Displays the system time
	[hh:mm:ss]

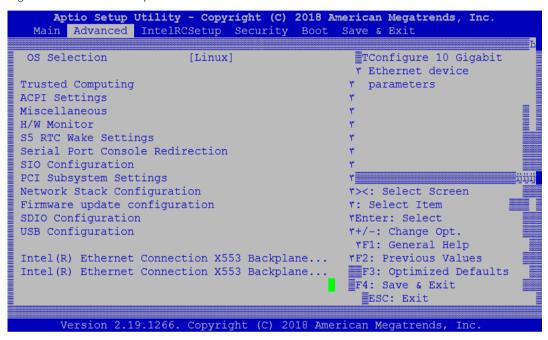
6.2.2. Advanced Menu

The Advanced setup menu provides sub-screens and second level sub-screens with functions, for advanced configuration and Kontron specific configurations.

NOTICE

Setting items, on this screen, to incorrect values may cause system malfunctions.

Figure 14: Advanced Setup Menu



The following table shows the Advanced menu sub-screens and functions, and describes the content. Default settings are in **bold**.

Table 33: Advanced Setup Menu Functions

Sub-Screen	Second Level Sub-screen	Further Sub-Screens/Description	
OS selection	Selects the OS as the uARTS need different IROs for Windows and Linux [Windows, Linux]		
Trusted Computing	BIOS support for security device. Operating System will not show security device. The TCG EFI protocol and INT1A interface are not available. [Enabled, Disabled]		
ACPI Settings	Enable ACPI Auto Conf.	ACPI auto configuration [Enabled, Disabled]	
	Enable Hibernation	System's ability to hibernate (OS/S4 Sleep State) Note: This option may not be effective with some operating systems. [Enabled, Disabled]	
	Lock Legacy Resources	Lock of legacy resources [Enabled, Disabled]	

Sub-Screen Second Level Further Sub-Screens/Description			reens/Description		
Sub Screen	Sub-screen	Turtrer sub-ser			
Miscellaneous	Watchdog	Auto Reload	Automatic reload of watchdog timers on timeout [Enabled, Disabled]		
		Global Lock	Enable sets all Watchdog registers (except for WD_KICK) to read only, until board is reset. [Enabled, Disabled]		
		Stage 1 Mode	Selects action for this Watchdog stage		
		Stage Hillode	[Disabled, Reset, NMI, SCI, Delay, WDT Signal only]		
	Reset Button Behavior	Selects reset button behavior [Chipset Reset, Power Cycle]			
	I2C Speed	Selects I2C bus speed (Range- 1 kHz to 400 kHz) Default - 200KHz . [200]			
	Onboard I2C Mode	[Multimaster, Busclear]			
	Manufacturing Mode	Read only field [Disabled]			
	LID Switch Mode		Lid Switch Inside ACPI OS. re-normal, Active-inverse]		
	Sleep Button Mode	Shows or hides Sleep Button inside ACPI OS. [Enabled, Disabled]			
	ACPI Temperature Poll	Sets temperature polling mode through OSPM (0 =disabled, 1= enabled) [Enabled, Disabled]			
	TZ00 Temperature Poll	Interval (sec.) between two temperature measuring attempts in ACPI thermal zone 00 (Ambient Temperature) [30]			
	TZ01 Temperature poll	Interval (sec.) between two temperature measuring attempts in ACPI thermal zone 01 (CPU Temperature) [30]			
	SMBus Device ACPI Mode	Hides SMBus device from OS, otherwise the device is visible in OS. [Normal, Hidden]			
	CPLD Device ACPI Mode	Hides CPLD device from OS, otherwise the device is visible in OS. [Normal, Hidden]			
H/W Monitor	Read only fields Hardware Monitor CPU temperature:				
	Module temperature: CPU Fan - showing current RPM				
	Fan Control	Sets CPU fan control mode. Note: Disable - stops fan			
	Tan control	Sets CPU fan control mode. Note: Disable - Stops fan [Disable, Manual, Auto]			
	Fan Pulse	Pulses fan produces during 1 revolution. (Range: 1-4) [2]			
	Fan Trip Point	Temperature at which the fan accelerates. (Range: 20°C – 80°) [50]			
	Trip Point Speed	Fan speed at trip point in %. Min. value is 30 %. Fan always runs at 100 % at TJmax - 10°C. [50]			

Sub-Screen	Second Level Sub-screen	Further Sub-Screens/Description			
H/W Monitor	Ref.	Temperature source for automatic fan control			
(continued) Temperature		[PCH Temperature, Module Temperature, CPU Temperature]			
	External Fan – sho	<u>'</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Fan Control				
		[Disable, Manual, Auto]			
	Fan Pulse	Pulse fan produces during 1 revolution (Range: 1-4) [2]			
	Fan Trip point	Temperature at which fan accelerates. (Range: 20°C to 80°C) [50]			
	Trip Point Speed	Fan speed at trip point in %. Minimum value is 30% Fan always runs at 100% at TJmax (-10°C) [50]			
	Read only field 5.0V Standby: Batt Volt. at COMe Widerange VCC:	Pin:			
S5 RTC Wake Settings	System wake on al	arm event. me, Dynamic Time]			
Serial Port	COMO	ппе, Бупаппс пппеј			
Console	Console				
Redirection	Redirection	[Ellableu, Disableu]			
	Console Redirection	Specify how the host computer and remote computer exchange data. Both computers should have the same settings.			
	settings	Terminal Type	[ANSI]		
		Bits per second	[115200]		
		Data Bits	[8]		
		Parity	[None]		
		Stop Bits	[8]		
		Flow Control	[None]		
		VT-UTF8 Combo Key Sup	[Enabled]		
		Recorder Mode	[Disabled]		
		Resolution 100x31	[Disabled]		
		Putty keyPad	[VT100]		
	COM1				
	Console [Enabled, Disabled] Redirection				
	Serial Port for Out	t-of-Band Management / Windows EMS			
	Console Redirection	[Enabled, Disabled]			
	Console Redirection	Microsoft Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS)allows remote management of a Windows Server OS through a serial port			
	Settings	Terminal Type	[VT-UTF8]		
		Bits per second	[115200]		
		Flow control	[None]		

Sub-Screen	Second Level	Further Suh-Scre	Further Sub-Screens/Description				
	Sub-screen	Turther Sub-Sere	char Description				
Serial Port	Console	Read only fields					
Console	Redirection	Date Bits					
Redirection	Settings	Parity					
(continued)	(continued)	Stop Bits					
SIO	Read only field						
Configuration	AMI SIO Driver Ve	rsion					
	Super IO Chip Log	ical Device(s) Configu	ıration				
	Serial Port 1	Use This Device	Enable or disable this logical device.				
			[Enabled, Disabled]				
		Logical Device Set	tings				
		Current	Read only field				
			To refresh- reset required				
		Possible	Changes device's resource settings. New settings are				
			reflected on the setup page after system restarts.				
			[Use Automatic Settings]				
	Read Only field						
	-	g SIO logical devices	may have unwanted side effects. PROCEED with				
	CAUTION.						
	Serial Port 2	Use This Device	Enable or disable this logical device.				
			[Enabled, Disabled]				
		Logical Device Settings					
		Current	Read only field				
			To refresh- reset required				
		Possible	Change device's resource settings. New settings are				
			reflected on the setup page after system restarts.				
			[Use Automatic Settings]				
	Read only field						
	Warning: Disabling SIO logical devices may have unwanted side effects. PROCEED with CAUTION.						
	Parallel Port	Use This Device	Enable or disable this logical device.				
			[Enabled, Disabled]				
		Logical Device Sett	tings				
		Current	Read only field				
			To refresh- reset required				
		Possible	Change device's resource settings. New settings are				
			reflected on the setup page after system restarts.				
			[Use Automatic Settings]				
	Read only field						
	Warning: Disablin CAUTION.	g SIO logical devices	may have unwanted side effects. PROCEED with				
	PS2 Controller	Use This Device	Enable or disable this logical device.				
	(KB&MS)		[Enabled, Disabled]				
	(REGINIO)	Logical Device Settings:					
	(NEGIVIE)	Logical Device Sett	tings:				
	(NBCING)	Logical Device Sett	tings: Read only field				
	Read only field Warning: Disablin CAUTION. PS2 Controller	Logical Device Sett Current Possible g SIO logical devices	[Enabled, Disabled] tings Read only field To refresh- reset required Change device's resource settings. New settings are reflected on the setup page after system restarts. [Use Automatic Settings] may have unwanted side effects. PROCEED with Enable or disable this logical device.				

Sub-Screen	Second Level Sub-screen	Further Sub-Screens/Description				
SIO Configuration (continued)	PS2 Controller (KB&MS) (continued)	Possible	Change device's resource settings. New settings are reflected on the setup page after system restarts. [Use Automatic Settings]			
	Read only field Warning: Disabling SIO logical devices may have unwanted side effects. PROCEED with CAUTION.					
	Floppy disk Controller	Use This Device	Enable or disable this logical device. [Enabled, Disabled]			
	Configuration	Logical Device Sett	ings:			
		Current	Read only field To refresh- reset required			
		Possible	Change device's resource settings. New settings are reflected on the setup page after system restarts. [Use Automatic Settings]			
	Read only field Warning: Disabling CAUTION	g SIO logical devices r	may have unwanted side effects. PROCEED with			
PCI Subsystem Settings	Read only field PCI Bus Driver vers	•				
	PCI Device Common settings:					
	PCI -Latency Timer	Number PCI bus clocks programmed in PCI latency timer register [32, 64, 96, 128, 160, 192, 224, 248]				
	PCI-X Latency Timer	Number PCI bus clocks programmed in PCI X latency timer register [32, 64 , 96, 128, 160, 192, 224, 248]				
	VGA Palette Snoop	[Enabled, Disabled]				
	PERR# Generation	[Enabled, Disabled]				
	SERR# Generation	[Enabled, Disabled]				
	Above 4G Decoding	64-bit capable devices to be decoded in the above 4G address space. Note: Only if system supports 64-bit PCI decoding. [Enabled, Disabled]				
	SR-IOV Support	Single Root IO virtu [Enabled , Disabled	ualization support If PCIe devices are SR-IOV capable. d]			
	BME DMA Mitigation	Re-enable Bus master attribute disabled during PCI enumeration for PC Bridges after SMM lock [Enabled, Disabled]				
	PCI Express Settings	PCI Device register	Settings			
		Relaxed Ordering	[Enabled, Disabled]			
		Extended Tag	If enabled can use 8-bit Tag field as a requester. [Enabled, Disabled]			
		No Snoop	[Enabled, Disabled]			

Sub-Screen	Second Level Sub-screen	Further Sub-Screens/Description				
PCI Subsystem Settings (continued)	PCI Subsystem PCI Express Settings Settings		Sets max. payload of PCIe device or allows system BIOS to select automatically. [Auto, 128 Bytes, 256 Bytes, 512 bytes, 1024 bytes, 2048 Bytes, 4096 Bytes]			
		(continued) Maximum Read Request	Sets Max. read request size of PCI Express device or allows system BIOS to select [Auto, 128 Bytes, 256 Bytes, 512 bytes, 1024 bytes, 2048 Bytes, 4096 Bytes]]			
		PCI Express Link Re	egister Settings			
		ASPM Support	Sets ASPM level, where Auto selects BIOS auto conf. [Auto, Disabled]			
		Warning Enabling ASPM ma	y cause some PCI-E devices to fail.			
		Extended Synch	Allows Extended synchronization patterns. [Enabled, Disabled]			
			Number of retry attempts to retain link if a previous training attempt was unsuccessful [Disables, 2, 3, 5]			
		Link Training Timeout	Number of msec software waits before polling link training bit in Link status register. Range (10-10000 µs) [1000]			
		Unpopulated Links	Setting disable link disables unpopulated PCI express links to save power [Keep Link On, Disable Link]			
	PCI Express GEN	PCI Express Gen2 Device Register Settings				
	2 Settings	Completion Timeout	Modifies completion timeout value. Range 50µs- 50ms. [Default , Shorter, Longer, Disabled]			
		ARI Forwarding	If supported by hardware and set to enabled, the downstream port disables its traditional device number field being 0 enforcement when turning a Type 1 Configuration request into a Type0 Configuration request, permitting access to Extended Functions in an ARI Device immediately below the port. Default value is disabled. [Enabled, Disabled]			
	_	Atomic Op Requester Enable	Initiates AtomicOP requests only if bus master enable bit is set in the Command Register Set. [Enabled, Disabled]			
		AtomicOP Egress Block	Outbound AtomicOp requests via Egress ports are blocked. [Enabled, Disabled]			
		IDO request Enable	Permits setting number of ID-based ordering (IDO) bit (attribute [2]) requests to be initiated. [Enabled, Disabled]			

		I	<u> </u>		
Sub-Screen	Second Level Sub-screen	Further Sub-Screens/Description			
PCI Subsystem Settings (continued)	PCI Express GEN 2 Settings (continued)	IDO Completion Enable	Permits setting number of ID-based ordering (IDO) bit (attribute [2]) requests to be initiated. [Enabled, Disabled]		
	LTR Mechanism Enable		Enables latency tolerance reporting (LTR) [Enabled, Disabled]		
		End-End TLP Prefix B1	Blocks forwarding of TLPs containing End-End TLP prefixes. [Enabled, Disabled]		
		PCI Express GEN2	2 Link Register Settings		
		Target Link Speed	Sets the upper limit on link operational speed If set to Force to X.X GT/S for downstream ports. [Auto, Force to 2.5GT/s, Force to 5GT/s, Force to 8GT/s]		
		Clock Power Management	Permitted to use CLKREQ# signal for power management of link clock in accordance to protocol. [Enabled, Disabled]		
	Compliance SOS		Forces LTSSM to send SKP ordered sets between sequences when sending Compliance Pattern or Modified Compliance. [Enabled, Disabled]		
		Hardware Autonomous Width	Disables hardware's ability to change link width (except width size reduction for correction purposes). [Enabled, Disabled]		
		Hardware Autonomous Speed	Disables hardware's ability to change link speed (except speed rate reduction for correction purposes). [Enabled, Disabled]		
Network Stack Configuration	UEFI network stack [Enabled, Disabled				
Firmware Update Configuration	Allows BIOS re-fla [Enabled, Disabled		x security configuration is set to enable.		
SDIO	Read only field List the Mass Stora	age Devices and sup	oplies BUS, DEV abd FUNc information		
	SDIO Access Mode	access the SD dev	esses SD device in DMA mode, if controller supports, this n PIO mode.		
	MMC device	Mass storage device demulation type. Auto numerates devices less th 530 MB as floppies. Force FDD can be used to force HDD formatted driboot as FDD.			
USB Configuration	Read only fields UBS Module Versic USB Controllers	[Auto, Floppy , Forced FDD, Hard Disk]			

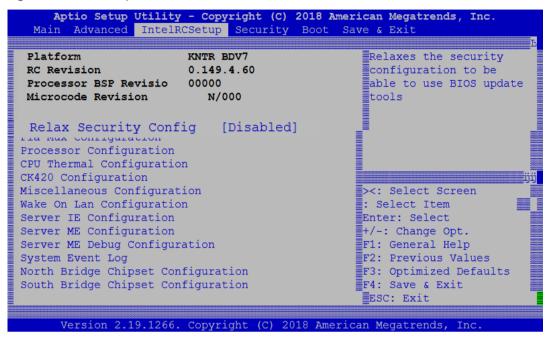
Sub-Screen	Second Level Sub-screen	Further Sub-Screens/Description			
USB	USB devices				
Configuration (continued)	Legacy USB Support	Auto disables legacy support, if no USB devices are connected and Disable keeps USB devices available for EFI applications only. [Enabled, Disabled, Auto]			
	XHCI Hand-off		nange should be claimed by XHCI driver. Note: this is a S(s) without XHCI hand-off support.		
	USB Mass Storage Driver Support	[Enabled , Disabled	1]		
	Port 60/64 Emulation	I/O port 60h/64h e Note: Enable for U! [Enabled , Disabled	SB keyboard legacy support for non-USB aware OS(s).		
	USB Hardware dela	ays			
	USB Transfer Time-out	Timeout value of c [20 sec]	ontrol, bulk and interrupt transfers		
	Device Reset Time-out	Timeout value of L [20 sec]	Timeout value of USB mass storage device start unit command time-out		
	Device Power- up Delay		ce to report to host controller. Auto uses root port ms, for hub port delay is taken. [Auto, Manual]		
Intel® Ethernet Connection X553 Backplane	NIC Configuration	Wake On LAN	Enables system power-on via LAN. Note that configuring Wake on LAN in OS does not change value of this setting but overrides the behavior. [Enabled, Disabled]		
		Link Speed	Read only field [Auto Negotiated]		
	Blink LED	Identify the physic	al Network port by blinking the associated LED [0]		
	Read only field				
			, Chip Type, PCI Device ID, PCI Address, Link status, MAC		
Intel® Ethernet Connection X553 Backplane	NIC Configuration	Wake On LAN	Enables system power-on via LAN. Note that configuring Wake on LAN in OS does not change value of this setting but overrides the behavior. [Enabled, Disabled]		
		Link Speed	Read only field [Auto Negotlated]		
	Blink LED	Identify the physic [0]	al Network port by blinking the associated LED		
	Read only field UEFI Driver, Adapter PBA, Device Name, Chip Type, PCI Device ID, PCI Address, Link status, MAC Address, Virtual MAC Address				
Intel® Ethernet Connection X553 Backplane	NIC Configuration	Wake On LAN	Enables system power-on via LAN. Note that configuring Wake on LAN in OS does not change value of this setting but overridse the behavior. [Enabled, Disabled]		
		Link Speed	Read only field [Auto Negotlated]		
	Blink LED	Identify the physical Network port by blinking the associated LED [0]			

Sub-Screen	Second Level Sub-screen	Further Sub-Screens/Description		
	Read only field UEFI Driver, Adapte Address, Virtual M	er PBA, Device Name, Chip Type, PCI Device ID, PCI Address, Link status, MAC AC Address		
Intel® Ethernet Connection X553 Backplane	Connection Configuration		Enables system power-on via LAN. Note that configuring Wake on LAN in OS does not change value of this setting but overrides the behavior. [Enabled, Disabled]	
		Link Speed	Read only field [Auto Negotiated]	
	Blink LED	Identify the physical Network port by blinking the associated LED [0]		
	Read only field UEFI Driver, Adapter PBA, Device Name, Chip Type, PCI Device ID, PCI Address, Address, Virtual MAC Address			

6.2.3. InterIRCSetup Menu

The IntelRCsetupSetup menu provides sub-screens and second level sub-screens for processor related functions.

Figure 15: IntelRCSetup



The following table shows the InterIRCSetup menu sub-screens and functions, and describes the content. Default settings are in **bold**.

Table 34: InterIRCSetup Setup Menu Functions

Function	Second level Sub-Screen / Description						
Read Only field Platform, RC Revis	nd Only field tform, RC Revision, Processor BSP Revision and Microcode revision						
Relax security Configuration	Relaxes security configuration to be able to use BIOS update tools [Enabled, Disabled]						
Fia Mux Configuration	By enabling this function users can override the platform configuration on FIA/WM						
	Bifurcation Control 0	Selects the type of Bifurcation					
	Bifurcation Control 1	[P3P2P1P0 X2X2X2X2, P3P2—P0 X2X2X4 P2P1P0 X4X2X2 P2—P0 X4X4 P0 X8]					
	Lane [0 to 19]	Lanes can be set to PCIE, XHCI, SATA or Lane Disabled [lane Disabled]					
	Additional Information: The HSIO lanes [0-19] support the following: Lanes [0-3] -Lane Disabled or PCIE Function Lanes [4-15] - Lane Disabled, PCIE Function or SATA Function Lanes [16-19] - Lane Disabled, SATA Function or XHCI Function						

Function	Second level Sub-Sc	reen / De	escription		
Fia Mux	PCIE Root Port Link Width Control				
Configuration (continued)	Root port [0 to 7] Link		BICTRL keeps Bifurcation setting and X1 forces width 1 [BICTRL, X1]		
Processor Configuration	Read only field Processor ID, Process Processor version	sor frequ	ency, CPU BCLK frequency, L1 cache and L2 Cache RAM,		
	EIST (GV3)	GV3 and TM1 must be enabled for TM2 to be available and GV3 must be enabled for Turbo. Auto enable for B0 CPU stepping, all others disabled, change settings to override. [Enabled, Disabled]			
	BIOS Request Frequency	possibl	odes min. and max. frequency, CPU instructed to provide highest e legal frequency to the processor ed, Disabled]		
	Turbo		Uturbo capability. This option on applies to ES2 and above. ed, Disabled]		
	TM1		M1 And GV3 must be enabled in order to support TM2. ed, Disabled]		
	TM2 Mode	LFM throttling or adaptive throttling for TM2 mechanisms. [LFM throttling, Adaptive Throttling]			
	Dynamic Self refresh	Dynamic self refresh in memory controller. [Enabled, Disabled]			
	PMOP levels	Power Mode OP code (PMOP) speed during self refresh [slow, Fast]			
	CPU c state	Enhances CPU Cx state, takes effect after reboot. [Enabled, Disabled]			
	Package C-State Limit	[No Pkg C-state, No SOIx, No limit]			
	Max. Core C-State	[C1, C6]			
	Enhanced Halt State	Enhances CPU C1E state takes effect after reboot. [Enabled, Disabled]			
	Monitor/MWait	[Enabled, Disabled]			
	L1 Prefetcher	[Enabled, Disabled]			
	L2 Prefetcher	[Enable	ed, Disabled]		
	ACPI 3.0 T-States	[Enable	d, Disabled]		
	Fast String	Enables fast string for REP MOVS/STOS [Enabled, Disabled]			
	Machine Check	[Enabled, Disabled]			
	Max COUID Value Limit	Enable to boot legacy OSs that cannot support CPUs with extended CPUID functions [Enabled, Disabled]			
	Execute Disable Bit		forces XD flag to always return (0) ed, Disabled]		

Function	Second level Sub-S	creen / Description				
Processor Configuration	VMX	Vanderpool Technolog [Enabled , Disabled]	y, takes effect after reboot			
(continued)	BIST Selection	[Enabled, Disabled]				
	Extened APIC	Read only field [Enabled, Disabled]				
	MSR 606 PKG_Power_SKU	Read only field [330a0	0e08]			
	Active processor Core	Number of active Proce processor cores active [0]	essor Cores in SoC. (where 0 = all existing)			
	Dump Crash Log	[Enabled, Disabled]				
	CPU Flex Ratio Override	[Enabled, Disabled]				
	CPU Core Ratio	Read only field [24]				
	Ratio Limits Configuration	Configuration of Ratio [Enabled, Disabled]	Limits MSRs			
CPU Thermal Configuration	TJ target	Offset below TJmax set as PROCHOT# activation temp Range 0°C to 63°C [0]				
	Tcontrol Offset	Offset to modify TControl for DTS2.0, Range 0°C to 63°C [0]				
	Tcontrol Offset Sign	Sign for the Tcontrol Offset value [Positive, Negative]				
	TM1	Note: TM1 and GV3 must be enabled in order to support TM2 [Enabled, Disabled]				
	TM2 Status	Read only field [Enabled]				
	TM2 Mode	Selects LFM throtting or adaptive throttling for TM2 mechanisms. [LFM throttling, Adaptive Throttling]				
	CPU DFX Thermal Configuration	Out of Spec Interrupt	Generates thermal interrupt, whenever out of spec. temperature threshold crossed [Enabled, Disabled]			
		Low Temperature Interrupt	Triggers input when temperature goes from HOT to NOT_HOT [Enabled, Disabled]			
		High Temp Interrupt	Triggers input when temperature goes from NOT_HOT to HOT [Enabled, Disabled]			
		Threshold 1 Rel Temp	Degrees below TJMax to signal an interrupt whenever temperature crosses this threshold. (Range 0°C – 127°C) [5]			
		Threshold 2 Rel temp	Degrees below TJMax to signal an interrupt whenever temperature crosses this threshold. (Range 0°C – 127°C) [10]			

Function	Second level Sub-Sc	reen / Description			
CPU Thermal Configuration (continued)	CPU DFX Thermal Configuration (continued)	Threshold 1 Interrupt	Generates thermal Interrupt whenever Threshold 1 crossed. [Enabled, Disabled]		
		Threshold 2 Interrupt	Generates thermal Interrupt whenever Threshold 2 crossed. [Enabled, Disabled]		
		External PROCHOT Interrupt	Generates Interrupt when an external device drives the PROCHOT# pin. [Enabled, Disabled]		
		PROCHOT Response	Internal Intel Only: UCode will copy this value to/from PCU_CR_Firm_Config(12). [Enabled, Disabled]		
		PROCHOT Output Mode Disable	Internal Intel Only: Prochot output disable UCode will copy this value to/from PCU_CR_Firm_Config(11). [Enabled, Disabled]		
		VR_Therm_Alert_ Disable	1= disable VR_Thermal_Alert signaling. Internal Intel Only: Disable SVID during bclk overclocking mode. This bit of mirror of PCU_CR_Firm_Config(14). [Enabled, Disabled]		
		Prochot frequency Res	Controls the level of PROCHOT throttling. [Enabled, Disabled]		
		Lock_Therm_INT	Ties thermal interrupts from both cores (thermal interrupt on one core routed to all cores) [Enabled, Disabled]		
CK420 Configuration	Spread Spectrum OFI [Enabled, Disabled]	F/ON			
Miscellaneous Configuration	Core-Uncore BGF Point	BGF pointer separation [8, 4, 2]			
	Active SATA Boot Device	[Onboard device, PCIE device]			
	Inspectrum	Required to test PCIe CLB [Enabled, Disabled]			
	Enable Modphy for I/O Compliance	[SATA DTLE=7, SATA3 DTLE=3, Disabled]			
Wake on LAN	Wake on LAN Configu [Enabled , Disabled]	uration setting			
Server IE Configuration	Read only Field IE Firmware Status #	1, IE Firmware Status #2			
	HECI-1 Enable	Override HECI-1 Status on PCI [Enabled, Disabled]			

Function	Second level Sub-So	reen / Description			
Server IE Configuration	HECI-2 Enable	Override HECI-2 Stat [Enabled, Disabled]	us on PCI		
(continued)	HECI-3 Enable	Override HECI-3 Status on PCI [Enabled, Disabled]			
	IDER Enable	Override IDER Status [Enabled, Disabled]	on PCI		
	KT Enable	Override KTStatus or [Enabled, Disabled]	n PCI		
	Subsystem ID	Subsystem ID of IE do	evices		
Server ME Configuration	Read Only Field Operational Firmwar ME firmware type Backup firmware ver Recovery firmware v ME firmware feature ME firmware status ME Formware status Current state Error code	ersion version es :#1			
	MCTP Bus Owner	MCTP bus owner location on PCle: [15:8] bus, [7:3] device, [2:0] function If all zero sending bus owner is disabled. [0]			
	ME shutdown message	Sends ME_shutdown message to ME when launching OS [Enabled, Disabled]			
	ICC Clock SSC	Overridse SSC setting for ICC clock, or lets firmware decide based platform type- [Enabled, Disabled, Auto]			
Server ME debug	NM Configuration	ME Initialization Complete Timeout	How long BIOS waits for ME to initialize. [2]		
Configuration		Enable HSIO Messaging	[Enabled, Disabled]		
		Enable FIA MUX Messaging	[Enabled, Disabled]		
		DRAM Init Done Enable	Notifies ME about DRAM initializion. (enables/disables UMA functionality) [Enabled, Disabled]		
		DRAM Init Done Time	Waiting for DRAM initialization notify acknowledge from ME with 5 sec timeout [Enabled, Disabled]		
		DRAM Initialization	Overrides DRAM Initialization [Auto- true status, 0- success, 1- No memory in channels, 2- Memory Init Error]		

Function	Second level Sub-So	creen / Description		
Server ME debug Configuration	NM Configuration (continued)	HMRFPO_lock_ enable		Sends HMRFPO_lock message to ME [Enabled, Disabled]
(continued)		HMRFPO_ENABLI Message	Ē	Sends HMRFPO_Enable message to ME [Enabled, Disabled]
		End_of_Post Message		Sends End_of_post message to ME [Enabled, Disabled]
		CG9 global reset prom		Prompta CF9 reset to global [Enabled, Disabled]
		Global reset lock		Locks the joint ME and host reset capability [Enabled, Disabled]
		HECI-1 Enable		Override HECI-1 status on PCI, or let firmware decide based on ME type (Auto) [Enabled, Disabled, Auto]
		HECI-2 Enable		Override HECI-2 status on PCI, or let firmware decide based on ME type (Auto) [Enabled, Disabled, Auto]
		HECI-3 Enable		Override HECI-3 status on PCI, or let firmware decide based on ME type (Auto) [Enabled, Disabled, Auto]
		IDEr Enable		Override IDErstatus on PCI, or let firmware decide based on ME type (Auto) [Enabled, Disabled, Auto]
		KT Enable		Override IKTon PCI, or let firmware decide based on ME type (Auto) [Enabled, Disabled, Auto]
		HECI-1 Hide in ME		Enables sending request to ME to hide or disable HECI-1 on host PCI [Off, Hide, Disable]
		HECI-2 Hide in Mi	-	Enables sending request to ME to hide or disable HECI-2 on host PCI [Off, Hide, Disable]
System Event Log	System Errors	Auto = enabling/o [Enabled , Disable		oling of errors in the driver is skipped. uto]
	Memory Event log	Memory Elog Support	[En	nabled, Disabled]
		Parity Check [Er		nabled, Disabled]
		Log Correctable [Er		nabled, Disabled]
		Log Un- correctable Error		nabled, Disabled]

Function	Second level Sub-So	creen / Description			
System Event Log	Memory Event log (continued)	Enable /Disable Error	Error clocking fe [Enabled, Disab	eature to hide CE errors to OS led]	
(continued)	PCIe Event Log	PCIe ELog Support	[Enabled , Disab	led]	
		Log Fatal Error	Sends system e [Enabled , Disab	vent signal on fatal error led]	
		LOG Non-Fatal Error	Sends system e [Enabled , Disab	vent signal on non-fatal error led]	
		Log correctable Error	Sends system e [Enabled , Disab	vent signal on correctable error led]	
		PCIe System Error	System error reports, bridges an [Enabled, Disab		
		PCIe Parity Error	Parity error repo bridges and dev [Enabled , Disab		
	Whea Settings	WHEA support	[Enabled , Disab	led]	
		WHEA Error Injection	WHEA EINJ ACPI 5.0 support for set error types wit address and vendor extensions [Enabled, Disabled]		
		WHEA logging	WHEA logging of errors [Enabled, Disabled]		
		WHEA PCIE Error Injection	WHEA PCIE Error Injection [Enabled, Disabled]		
North Bridge Chipset	Read only field Memory information	n: MRC version, Tota	I memory, Memor	y frequency	
Configuration	Pass Gate Setup	Mitigation Feature Configuration:			
		Mitigation Feature Enable		[Enabled, Disabled]	
		Pass Gate Stress Test Configuration:			
		Pass Gate Test		[Enabled, Disabled]	
		Pass Gate test Direction		[lowest->highest, highest->lowest]	
		Pass Gate Test Repetition		Count range over same row 900	
		Pass Gate Test Iteration		Iterations on row 1	
		Pass Gate Test Swizzle		Forces Sizzle mode (Samsung) [Auto, Enabled]	
		Pass Gate Test pa	attern	[0's]	
		Pass Gate Test Ta	arget Pattern	[1's]	
		Pass Gate Test sp	peed	Speed of characterization test	

Function	Second level Sub-Sci	reen / Description			
North Bridge Pass Gate Setup			[1x only,	2x only, 4x only, 8x only	
Chipset (continued) (continued)	(continued)	Pass Gate Partial	[Enabled	d, Disabled]	
		Row Bank Min.		m address to test ng on DDR3 /DDR4 0	
		Row Bank Max.		m address to test ng on DDR3 /DDR48	
		Channel 0			
		Rank 0 [Enabled, [d , Disabled]	
		Rank 1	[Enabled	[Enabled, Disabled]	
		Channel 1			
		Rank 0	[Enable	[Enabled , Disabled]	
		Rank 1	[Enable	d , Disabled]	
		Pass Gate MonteCarlo	Search a	algorithm to find PG max ed]	
		Pass Gate Max. Failure	Read on 500	ly field	
		Pass Gate MonteCarlo	Read on	ly field	
		Pass Gate MonteCarlo	Read only field 10		
	Leaky Bucket Setup	Channel 0:			
		Leak Rate Configuration		[Days, microseconds]	
		Rank 0		0	
		Rank 1		0	
		Channel 1:			
		Rank 0		0	
		Rank 1		0	
		Correctable Error Threshold			
		Rank 0		0	
		Rank 1		0	
		Channel 1:			
		Rank 0		0	
		Rank 1		0	
	Non Volatile memory Setup	Read only data SoC Pwr los support, cashe Flus Loss Event Setup, Interleaving, Battery, LBA start location, LBA	restore, Erase	and Arm, NVDIMM	
	Fast Boot	Skips memory training and atte configuration [Enabled, Disable		using last known good	

Function	Second level Sub-Sci	reen / Description
North Bridge	Command Mode	[1N, 2N]
Chipset Configuration (continued)	Smm size (MB)	Size of SMM/TSEG region in (MB) [2, 4, 8, 16]
	Command Address Parity	[Enabled, Disabled]
	Memory Frequency	[DDR-1600, DDR-1877, DDR-2133, DDR-2400]
	Enable 32-bit Bus	[Enabled, Disabled]
	TCL Performance	[Enabled, Disabled]
	Enable Parallel Train	Algorithm runs in parallel [Enabled, Disabled]
	Memory Channels	[Dual Channel, Single Channel]
	MRC Debug Message	Displays debug output in MRC [Disabled, Minimum, Medium, Maximum, General options]
	Memory Preservation	Memory content preservation. with warm reset [Enabled, Disabled]
	Fine Ddr Voltage	Range -100 mV to 100 mV in 5 mV steps 100
	Read per bit Training	[Enabled, Disabled]
	Write per bit Training	[Enabled, Disabled]
	EEC Support	[Enabled, Disabled]
	Faulty Part Tracking	[Enabled, Disabled]
	On Correctable faulty	Read only field [Halt]
	Patrol Scrub Enable	[Enabled, Disabled]
	Patrol Scrub Period	[24 hours, 10 hours, 4 hours, 1 hour]
	Demand Scrub Enable	[Enabled, Disabled]
	AB Segments in DRAM	Reads & write targeting segment A or B routed to DRAM [Enabled, Disabled]
	E Segments in DRAM	Reads & write targeting segment E routed to DRAM [Enabled, Disabled]
	F Segments in DRAM	Reads & write targeting segment F routed to DRAM [Enabled, Disabled]
	ZQ Calibration	[Enabled, Disabled]
	Rank Margin Tool	[Enabled, Disabled]

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Function	Second level Sub-Sci	reen / Description
North Bridge Chipset	RMT CPGC Exp_loop_cnt	Set for field for RMT execution [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12]
Configuration (continued)	RMT CPGC Num_bursts	Sets field for RMT execution [1,2,3,4,5, 6 ,7,8,9,10,1,12]
	Out of order Memory Processing	[Enabled, Disabled]
	Read two Clocks Preamble	[Enabled, Disabled]
	Write two Clocks Preamble	[Enabled, Disabled]
	Write Data Early Enable	[Enabled, Disabled]
	Out of Order Aging threshold	8
	New Request Bypass	New request skip queue and are processed immediately if queue empty [Enabled, Disabled]
	Select Refresh Rate	[1x/2x/4x, x1/x2]
	CKE Power Down	[Active Power down, Precharge power down, Disabled]
	RAPL Time window	DDRAM RAPL time window for PL1 0
	RAPL Power limit Enable	[Enabled, Disabled]
	RAPL Power limit	DDRAM RAPL power limit[1) for DDR Domain (mW) 2047875
	Lock MSR 618 DDR_RAPL	[Enabled, Disabled]
	PMOP Value for PCO	Power mode OPcode for PCO 4
	PMOP Value for PCX	Power mode OPcode for PCO 7
	Open Page Policy Time	[Disabled, Immediate, 30-60 ns, 60-120 ns, 120-240 ns, 240-480 ns, 480-960 ns, 1-2 μs]
	Memory Thermal Throttle	[Auto, Disabled]
	Thermal Throttling	[CLTT, OLTT]
	CLTT Mode	[Normal, Pass thru]
	High Temperature	Temperature in °C 105
	Medium Temperature	Temperature in°C 85
	Low Temperature	Temperature in °C 82

Function	Second level Sub-So	creen / Description		
North Bridge	Critical BW Level	Bandwidth level as % 3	3	
Chipset Configuration	High BW Level	Bandwidth level as % 1	0	
(continued)	Medium BW Level	Bandwidth level as % 1	00	
	MEMHOT Level	[Disabled, Mid, Hi, Critica l]	
	MEMTRIP	[Disabled]		
	Rx Skew Control	[No Skew, +2 Ticks, -2 Ticks]		
	TX Skew Control	[No Skew, +2 Ticks, -2 Tic	ks]	
	Performance Profile	[17_19_13_18, 17_19_6	_18, 17_19_6_7]	
	Override Checkpoints	[Auto, Enabled, Disabled		
	Scrambler	[Disabled, Enabled]		
	Slow Power Down Exit	[Disabled, Enabled]		
	Run/Boot Time Optir	mization		
	Skip memory test	[Enabled, Disabled]		
	Skip Command Training	[Enabled, Disabled]		
	SSA Config	VT-d	[Enabled, Disabled]	
		VT-d Interrrupt remapp	[Enabled, Disabled]	
		DFX Config.	Enables SSA Clock gating on Northbridge	
South Bridge Chipset	SATAO / SATA1	Enable Controller	SATA Controller [Disabled, Enabled]	
Configuration	Configuration	SATA Testmode	SATA test mode [Disabled, Enabled]	
		LPM	Link Power Management [Disabled, Enabled]	
		Speed Limit	Indicated interface's highest available speed [Gen 1, Gen 2, Gen 3]	
		Port Multiplier Support	Port multipler support for controller's Cap register [Disabled, Enabled]	
		SATAO Ports[1-7]	1	
		Read Only Field Device Information and Device Size		
		Enable/Disable Port	SATA controller Port [Disabled, Enabled]	

Function	Second level Sub-So	creen / Description			
South Bridge Chipset Configuration	SATA0 /SATA1 Configuration	Hot Plug	Designate [Disabled		s port as Hot Pluggable. bled]
(continued)	(continued)	Spin up	boot. Oth	Drivers that have this option spin up boot. Otherwise all drives spin up at to [Disabled, Enabled]	
		Topology			SATA Topology ATA, Direct Connect, Flex,
	USB Configuration	USB SS Configuration	Port 0 Port 1 Port 2 Port 3	into dete	abled = any USB devices plug connector will not be ected by BIOS or OS abled, Enabled]
		USB HS Configuration	Port 0 Port 1 Port 2 Port 3	into dete	abled= any USB devices plug connector will not be ected by BIOS or OS abled, Enabled]
		USB Precondition	Precondition work on USB host controlle and root ports for faster enumeration [Disabled, Enabled]		for faster enumeration
		Inactivity Initiated	power matime-out [Disabled bb_cclk, 2]	anage peric I, 32 b 256 b	d to non-zero, it allows L1 ed to be enabled after the od specified ob_cclk, 64 bb_cclk, 128 b_cclk, 512 bb_cclk, 1024 '2 bb_cclk)
	PCIE IP Configuration	XHC Initiated L1	Sets XHC initiaded L1 power management [Disabled, Enabled]		
		XHCI Compliance Mode	Disable compliance mode [Disabled, Enabled]		
		Bifurcation PCle0	Bifurcation board or t	on coi trider	rces Root Complex nfiguration regardless of nt detection 4, x4x2x2, x2x2x4, x2x2x2x2]
			Bifurcation PCle1	Selects and forces Root Complex Bifurcation configuration regardless of board or trident detection [Auto, x8, x4x4, x4x2x2, x2x2x4, x2x2x2	
		Compliance Test Mode	[Disabled	[Disabled , Enabled	
		Root Port [0 - 7]	Link Spee	ed	Upper limit PCle root port [Gen 1, Gen 2, Gen 3]
			Clock Gat	ing	[Disabled, Enabled]

Function	Second level Sub-	Screen / Description		
South Bridge Chipset Configuration (continued)	PCIE IP Configuration (continued)	Root Port [0 - 7] (continued)	Max. Payload	Set max. payload of PCle Root Port or allow BIOS to select the value [128 Byte, 256 Byte, 512 Byte, 1024 Byte, 2048 Byte, 4096 Byte]
			Max. Read Request	Set Max.read request of PCIe Root Port or allow BIOS to select the value [Auto, 128 Byte, 256 Byte, 512 Byte, 1024 Byte, 2048 Byte, 4096 Byte]
			Extended Tag	If enabled device can use a 8-bit Tag field as requester [Disabled, Enabled]
			Relaxed Ordering	[Disabled , Enabled]
			Extended Synch	If enabled allows generation of Extended Synchronization patterns [Disabled , Enabled]
			De- Emphasis	At 5 Gb/s speed, this bit selects the level of deemphasis for a downstream port. [-3.5 dB, -6.0 dB]
			Stop and Stream	[Disabled , Enabled]
			ASPM Support	Enable PCIe active stare power management settings [L1, Disabled]
			Surprise Link	Acive surprise link [Disabled, Enabled]
			RW-lock	Root port lock option [lock, unlock]
			Lane Reversal	Dynamic lane reversal on PCle Root port [Disabled, Enabled]
			Completion Timeout Disable	[Disabled , Enabled]
			Completion Timeout Range	[Default, 50 us to 50 ms, 50 us to 100 ms, 1 ms to 10 ms, 16 ms to 55 ms,

Function	Second level Sub-Sci	reen / Description		
South Bridge Chipset Configuration (continued)	PCIE IP Configuration (continued)	Root Port [0 - 7] (continued)	Completion Timeout Range (continued)	65 ms to 210 ms, 260 ms, to 900 ms, 1 s to 3.5 s, 4 s to 13 s, 17 s to 64 s]
		Topology for PCIe Lane by Lane	Identifies PCIE [SATA express Unknown	Topology s, M2x4, M2x1, x4 , x1,
	PPM Config.	Enable and disable C-sate [Disabled, Enabled	POPUP	
	State After G3	Specify state to go to when power re-applied after power failure (G3 state) [S0 state, S5 State, Soft Strap]		
	DCI Enable	DCI can debug over the USB 3 interface. When disabled, the host controller is not enabled [Enabled, Disabled]		
	SMBUS Controller	SMBUS Controller options [Enabled, Disabled]	5	
	SMBUS IOSFClockGating	SMBUS IOSFClockGating options [Enabled, Disabled]		
	SM Bus Host Speed	Indicates operating speed of physical bus [Standard (80 KHz), Standard (100 kHz), Fast mode (400 kHz), Fast mode plus (1 MHz)]		
	IOAPIC 24-119 Entries	OAPIC 24-119 Entries to expand to PIRQI-PIRQX [Enabled, Disabled]		
	GPIO Status	GPIO status help [Enabled, Disabled]		

6.2.4. Security Menu

The Security setup menu provides information about the passwords and functions for specifying the security settings.

Figure 16: Security Setup Menu



The following table shows Security sub-screens and functions, and describes the content. Default settings are in **bold**.

Table 35: Security Setup Menu Functions

Function	Description
User Password	Sets user password
Administrator Password	Sets administrator password



If only the administrator's password is set, access to the setup is limited and is requested when entering the setup.

If only the user's password is set, then the password is a power on password and must be entered to boot or enter setup. In the setup the user has administrator rights.



The required password length in characters is max. 20 and min. 3 and the passwords are case-sensitive.

6.2.4.1. Remember the Password

It is highly recommended to keep a record of all passwords in a safe place. Forgotten passwords results in the user being locked out of the system.

If the system cannot be booted because the User Password or the Supervisor Password are not known, clear the uEFI BIOS settings, or contact Kontron Support for further assistance.

6.2.5. Boot Menu

The Boot setup menu lists the dynamically generated boot device priority order and the boot options.

Figure 17: Boot Setup Menu



The following table shows Boot sub-screens and functions, and describes the content. Default settings are in **bold**.

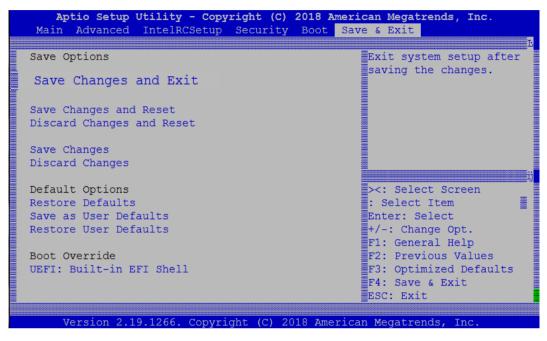
Table 36: Boot Setup Menu Functions

Function	Description
Boot Configuration	
Setup prompt Timeout	Displays number of seconds to wait for the setup activation key. 65535(OXFFF) means indefinite waiting [3]
Bootup NumLock State	Selects keyboard NumLock state [On, Off]
Quiet Boot	Enables or disables Quiet Boot [Enabled, Disabled]
Boot Option Priorities	
Boot Option #1	Sets the system boot order (option 1) [UEFI Built-in EFI shell Disabled]
HDD Boot sector Write	Enables or disables writes to hard disk sector 0 [Normal, Write protect]

6.2.6. Save and Exit

The Save and Exit setup menu lists the save, default and override options.

Figure 18: Save and Exit Setup Menu



The following table shows Boot sub-screens and functions, and describes the content. Default settings are in **bold**.

Table 37: Save and Exit Menu Functions

Function	Description
Save Options	
Discard Changes and Exit	Exits system setup without saving changes
Save Changes and Reset	Resets system after saving changes
Discard Changes and Reset	Resets system setup without saving changes
Save Changes	Saves changes made so far for any setup options
Discard Changes	Discards changes made so far for any setup options
Default Options	
Restore Defaults	Restores/loads standard default values for all setup options
Save as User Defaults	Saves changes made so far as User Defaults
Restore User Defaults	Restores User Defaults to all setup options
Boot Override Options	
UEFI Built-in EFI shell	Attempts to launch the built in EFI Shell

6.3. The uEFI Shell

The Kontron uEFI BIOS features a built-in and enhanced version of the uEFI Shell. For a detailed description of the available standard shell scripting, refer to the EFI Shell User Guide. For a detailed description of the available standard shell commands, refer to the EFI Shell Command Manual. Both documents can be downloaded from the EFI and Framework Open Source Community homepage (http://sourceforge.net/projects/efi-shell/files/documents/).



AMI APTIO update utilities for DOS, EFI Shell and Windows are available at AMI.com: http://www.ami.com/support/downloads/amiflash.zip.



Kontron uEFI BIOS does not provide all shell commands described in the EFI Shell Command Manual.

6.3.1. Basic Operation of the uEFI Shell

The uEFI Shell forms an entry into the uEFI boot order and is the first boot option by default.

6.3.1.1. Entering the uEFI Shell

To enter the uEFI Shell, follow the steps below:

- 1. Power on the module.
- 2. Press the <F7> key (instead of) to display a choice of boot devices.
- 3. Choose 'UEFI: Built-in EFI shell'.

```
EFI Shell version 2.40 [5.11]
Current running mode 1.1.2
Device mapping table
Fs0 :HardDisk - Alias hd33b0b0b fs0
Acpi(PNP0A03,0)/Pci(1D|7)/Usb(1, 0)/Usb(1, 0)/HD(Part1,Sig17731773)
```

4. Press the <ESC> key within 5 seconds to skip startup.nsh, and any other key to continue.

The output produced by the device mapping table can vary depending on the board's configuration.

If the <ESC> key is pressed before the 5 second timeout elapses, the shell prompt is shown:

Shell>

6.3.1.2. Exiting the uEFI Shell

To exit the uEFI Shell, follow one of the steps below:

- 1. Use the exit uEFI Shell command to select the boot device, in the Boot menu, that the OS boots from.
- Reset the board using the reset uEFI Shell command.

Appendix A: List of Acronyms

Table 38: List of Acronyms

BIOS	Advanced Configuration Power Interface
DCD	Basic Input Output System
BSP	Board Support Package
CAN	Controller-area network
Carrier Board	Application specific circuit board that accepts a COM Express ® module
COM	Computer-on-Module
COMe-b	COM Express® b=basic 125 mm x 95 mm module form factor
COMe-c	COM Express® c=compact 95 mm x 95 mm module form factor
COMe-m	COM Express® m=mini 84 mm x 55 mm module form factor
COP	Computer Operating Properly
CPU	Central Processing Unit
DDC	Display Data Control
DDI	Digital Display Interface
DDIO	Digital Display Input/Output
DDR	
DIMM	Dual In-line Memory Module
DP	DisplayPort
DMA	Direct Memory Access
DMIC	Digital Microphone
DRAM	Dynamic Random Access Memory
DVI	Digital Visual Interface
EAPI	Embedded Application Programming Interface
ECC	Error Checking and Correction
EEPROM	Electrically Erasable Programmable Read-Only Memory
eDP	Embedded Display Port
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)
eMMC	Embedded Multimedia Card
ESD	Electro Sensitive Device
FAT	File Allocation Table
Gb	Gigabit
GbE	Gigabit Ethernet
GPI	General Purpose Input
GPIO	General Purpose Input Output

GPO	General Purpose Output
GPU	Graphics Processing Unit
HDA	High Definition Audio (HD Audio)
HD/HDD	Hard Disk / Hard Disk Drive
HDMI	High Definition Multimedia Interface
HPM	PICMG Hardware Platform Management specification family
HWM	HardWare Monitor
IC	Integrated Circuit
I2C	Inter integrated Circuit Communications
1/0	Input /Output
IOT	Internet of Things
ISA	Industry Standard Architecture
JTAG	Joint Test Action Group
LAN	Local Area Network
LPC	Low Pin-Count Interface:
LPM	Link Power Management
LSB	Least Significant Bit
LVDS	Low Voltage Differential Signaling –
MAC	Media Access Control
M.A.R.S.	Mobile Application for Rechargeable Systems
MLC	Multi Level Cell
MMIO	Main Memory Input Output
MSB	Most significant Bit
MTBF	Mean Time Before Failure
NA	Not Available
NC	Not Connected
NC-SI	Network Communications - Services Interface
NCQ	Native Command Queuing
NUMA	Non Uniform Memory Access
PCB	Plastic Circuit Board
PCH	Platform Controller Hub
PCI	Peripheral Component Interface
PCIe	PCI-Express
PEG	PCI Express Graphics
PICMG®	PCI Industrial Computer Manufacturers Group

PHY	Ethernet controller physical layer device
Pin-out Type	COM Express® definitions for signals on COM Express® Module connector pins.
pSLC	pseudo Single Level Cell
PSU	Power Supply Unit
RoHS	Restriction of the use of certain Hazardous Substances
RTC	Real Time Clock
S0	S0-Full power, all devices powered
S3	Suspend to RAM System context stored in RAM; RAM is in standby
S4	Suspend to Disk System context stored on disk
S5	Soft Off Main power rail off, only standby power rail present
SATA	Serial AT Attachment:
SFP	Small Form factor Pluggable
SLC	Single Level Cell

SMBus	System Management Bus
SoC	System on a Chip
SODIMM	Small Outline Dual In-line Memory Module
SPI	Serial Peripheral Interface
TOLUD	Top of Lower Useable DRAM
TOUUD	Top of Upper Useable DRAM
TPM	Trusted Platform Module
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver
	Transmitter
UEFI	Unified Extensible Firmware Interface
UHD	Ultra High Definition
USB	Universal Serial Bus
VT-d	Virtual Technology
VLP	Very Low Profile
WDT	Watch Dog Timer
WEEE	Waste Electrical and Electronic
	Equipment (directive)
XDP	eXtended Debug Port



About Kontron

Kontron is a global leader in IoT/Embedded Computing Technology (ECT) and offers individual solutions in the areas of Internet of Things (IoT) and Industry 4.0 through a combined portfolio of hardware, software and services. With its standard and customized products based on highly reliable state-of-the-art technologies, Kontron provides secure and innovative applications for a wide variety of industries. As a result, customers benefit from accelerated time-to-market, lower total cost of ownership, extended product lifecycles and the best fully integrated applications.

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